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The Egyptian Gazette

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WEDNESDAY, APRIL 17, 1907.

EGYPT FOR THE EGYPTIANS.

The "Daily Mail" published the following article last week.

There is nothing which the sentimental do magogue contemplates with a greater aversion than a well governed country. A perfect administration cannot illustrate his foolish theories or flatter his idle vanity. When he sees the wise man quietly discharging a wise duty he is desperately unhappy. Convinced of the efficacy of words, he recoils from a virtuous action as from a blow, and if he be confronted by the results of justice and self-sacrifice he detects at once the baleful influence of a tyrant.

It is no wonder, then, that the success of English rule in Egypt has for many years enraged our professional philanthropists, who, protected by a Radical Government, are crying out "Egypt for the Egyptians" in a voice of noisy insolence.

"Egypt for the Egyptians!" Was ever so vain a demand made by a pot-house politician?

That the words have no meaning does not rob them of their power to do mischief. Senseless though they be, they may still fall upon the ears of the assassin, or arm the hand of the degenerate. Printed, as they have recently been, in large type as the motto of a newspaper, and fortified with the ill-omened authority of Mr. Gladstone, they are cunningly devised to work a secret and a subtle harm. Infinite are the sins which have been sinned in the cause of Nationalism. But never has Nationalism had less excuse or threatened worse evils than in Egypt.

The cry—"Egypt for the Egyptians"—is as new as it is false. In the words of Lord Cromer, whose unusual report is like a refreshing shower of sense in an arid waste of rhetoric, "for many centuries the Egyptians have been a subject race, and . . . we have to go back to the doubtful and obscure precedent of Pharaonic times to find an epoch when possibly Egypt was ruled by the Egyptians."

The difficulty of finding a precedent does not discourage the modern philanthropists.

Their problem seems to them simple enough. They cast a sad eye upon Egypt, which is happy and prosperous, and they determine without a moment's hesitation that it must be given back to somebody. Why not to the Egyptians, they ask? The reflection that the Egyptians have not governed it for some thousands of years is immaterial to them. They overlook the truth that a country, exposed to misgovernment for centuries, cannot in a moment accept the blessing of parliament. All they know is that in Cairo there are no ballot-boxes, and they are perfectly sure that the state of Egypt is rotten.

And thus they do their utmost to foment the unrest which certainly exists. Thus, with nothing save the pretence of a good motive to help them, they think they can discover, in the course of a single speech, the secret of the East. Thus they insult with a scornful patronage the heroes who have given their lives to the service of Egypt, falsely declaring that the man on the spot is always incapable of forming an honest judgment. And now, in the name of Nationalism, they are doing their best to encourage a Pan-Islamic agitation. The wickedness of this enterprise needs no demonstration. If it were successful, not merely would it place Egypt under the heel of the Sultan: it would stir up a religious war, which, passing far beyond the confines of Egypt, would be waged furiously wherever Christian and Moslem live side by side.

It may be that our demagogues do not wish to produce this result. A good intention, even if they had it, should not save them from the judgment. If their unwieldy words drive foolish men to rapine and slaughter they will not be held guiltless. The defenders of what are called "oppressed nationalities" must be held amenable to the laws of honour and justice, and though their lachrymose supporters are wont to overlook the wholesale murders which their callousness ensures, posterity will involve their evil names in the heaviest disgrace.

But happily for England and for Egypt a great man stands between the Radicals and their prey. Lord Cromer will not relinquish the country which he has bidden to live again. No episode in modern history is more glorious than this re-making of Egypt. It is the work of one man, ably and generously aided, but none the less the work of one man. As each year, brings its report on the condition of Egypt and the Sudan we are reminded that at least one contemporary has risen above the petty envious and hapless jealousies of party politics. It matters not who rules in Downing-street. Lord Cromer continues his work in Egypt with the wisdom and singleness of purpose which have always distinguished him. His objects have been pacification and economy, and he has attained these objects after twenty years of courage and devotion.

If he has striven, he has not cried. You will search his reports in vain for the phrases and sentiments dear to the politician who has spent a stolen week in the East. He is a realist, who deals with facts in the spirit of truth and candour. Nor has he any need to speak of his achievements save in sober prose. So splendid a career as his needs no embellishment. If you would find his monument, go to Egypt and look about you. He has brought prosperity to a bankrupt people. He has removed the load of debt from a once impoverished country. He has abolished the corvée; he has substituted for a race of slaves a thriving peasantry. The French, once the enemies of the British occupation, have been reconciled to its continuance by Lord Cromer's sound finance and unwavering sense of justice. He has worked not for a class or a race, but for all classes and all races, and he is the best example which the modern world has to show of a beneficent autocrat.

But this triumph of administration is no check upon the garrulity of the Radical, who shouts "Egypt for the Egyptians" all the louder, as Lord Cromer's reports succeed one another. He does not share the great statesman's diffidence. He has never felt the humility which comes of profound knowledge. Now, Lord Cromer, as he says himself, "has lived too long in the East to dogmatise about the views of the inconsistent Eastern." And the views of the Eastern are as changeable as they are inconsistent. The Egyptians, Lord Cromer tells us with his familiar irony, have not "a clear idea of what they themselves want." The practice of advocating two separate programmes, mutually destructive of each other, is not unknown to them. They would, if they could, rid themselves of the British occupation, and at the same time secure all the advantages which it has brought them. They waive this way and that, listening eagerly for the sound of some fresh catch-word, and ever ready to shape their minds according to the newest cant.

Those who dupe them, on the other hand, are unchanging in their dogmatism. They are sure that Egypt ought to belong to fellow or Greek, to Maltese, Jew, or Armenian, to anybody, in brief, save to the fellow-countrymen of Mr. Robertson, M.P., whose golden words are an evil incentive to all sound Nationalists. And if they got it, what would they do with it? They would let it revert to barbarism as quickly as possible. They would revive with a glad heart the extortionate misrule of Ismail. The hopeful policy of Lord Cromer is a "complete contrast to this retrograde ambition." The only possible Egyptian nationalism which can ever be created," says he, "must consist of all the dwellers in Egypt, irrespective of race, religion, or extraction." Such a view of nationality is at once wiser and more liberal than the sentiment of the National Press, nurtured on superstitions and encouraged by the meaningless cries of partisans. And such is the view which will prevail when the reasonable falsehoods of to-day have been brought to the oblivion which they deserve.

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CITY ANALYST'S LABORATORY, 138 BATH STREET, GLASGOW, 8th October, 1906.

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JOHN CLARK, Ph.D., F.C.S., F.I.C.,

Public Analyst for the City of Glasgow and the Counties of Lanark, Renfrew, etc.

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LOCAL AND GENERAL.

Mission to Sinai.

It is announced that Naoum Bey Shoukair has been charged by the War Ministry with an important mission to the Sinai peninsula.

New Route Regulations.

The International Judicial Commission will not meet before November to consider new regulations for the horse and other questions.

Brindisi Mail.

The mail from Europe via Brindisi and Port Said will be distributed at the Alexandria Post Office at 4.30 this afternoon.

Government School Sports.

The annual sports and gymnastic display of the Ras el Tin Government School will be held to-morrow afternoon, commencing at 3 p.m.

H. H. S. Aids.

H. H. S. Aids, of the Ports and Lighthouses Administration, left Alexandria yesterday afternoon for the Red Sea, Sanganah, and Port Sudan.

Postponed Concert.

The concert to be given at the New Khedivial Hotel, Alexandria, on Saturday by Mme. Meyer and her pupils has been postponed until Monday.

Exemption from Conscription.

The sums paid for exemption from conscription during January and February amounted to L.E. 50,900 as compared with L.E. 31,620 during the same months of last year.

Crooks at Khartoum.

The Greek Community in Khartoum have formed a rifle club. The inauguration ceremony took place last week under the patronage of El-Lewa Asser Pasha, Adjutant General.

Mails by Motor.

The Post Office Administration will receive up to and including the 15th May tenders for the transport of mails by automobiles in Alexandria. The terms of contract can be obtained at the secretary's office, G.P.O., Alexandria. An official notice with full details appears in our advertising columns.

A Bawdly Crime.

A brutal crime is reported from Shoubra, Cairo. A Copt, persuaded of the infidelity of his wife, decided to put an end to her life. With this object he first of all set fire to the bed on which the girl, who was only 16 years of age, was sleeping, but, being awakened by the heat of the flames, she shouted for help, whereupon her husband seized a razor and cut her throat.

Well-Known Figure Disappears.

The chief of the Montenegrin guardians of the Anglo-Egyptian Bank, Nicolas Klopian, at Alexandria has died. He went on Sunday to Mexico and was seized with an apoplectic stroke to which he succumbed. His family and his compatriots beg us to express their deep gratitude to Mr. H.P. Kington, manager of the Anglo-Egyptian Bank, the staff of the bank, and all those who were present at the funeral and who sent notes of sympathy.

Council of Discipline.

The manour of Belbeis markaz, Mohamed Ali Effendi, was tried by a Council of Discipline on the following charges:—that he disobeyed orders in allowing an apprentice glazier clerk to receive public money, of which he embezzled a sum of L.E. 34; that he neglected to inspect the registers kept by the said clerk and did not enquire into the case of embezzlement; and that he failed to convene the Maglis Hasbi for four months. He was found guilty of all the charges, but on appeal, the higher court lessened his sentence of suspension from duty for two months with forfeiture of pay, to suspension of 15 days. The court of appeal found him guilty of the first and second charges only.

Greek Steamer Ashore.

The Greek S.S. Adelphotis, 1,700 tons laden with paving stones from Naples for Alexandria, ran aground at 4 a.m. in heavy weather, about ten miles West of Apia point. The Deputy Director General of Ports and Lighthouses went out to her in the forenoon in one of the port tugs and brought to Alexandria the Captain, 12 passengers and 11 of the crew at 5 p.m. by their luggage, reporting that the ship is on the inside of a small reef 1 1/2 miles from the shore at Kreah, which is 5 miles from Amrieh station on the Khedivial railway. The ship is, in a great measure, protected from the sea by the reef, but is ashore abaft the funnel and leaking with 5 feet of water in her hold. The discharge of her cargo of paving stones to lighten her will be difficult.

An Aseel Sacred Cat.

Mark Twain has a gorgeous lie about the foundation of Cecil Rhodes' fortune, which tells how the future Empire builder caught a shark that had made a record passage from Europe carrying inside it a newspaper, whence Rhodes derived early and exclusive information as to the outbreak of the Franco-German war, and speculated accordingly. His surmise could hardly have been truer than that of the German lady who, as the "Tablet" records bought a mummified sacred cat at Assiut recently, and discovered inside it—a copy of the "Daily Mail"! There is nothing new under the sun, then, after all. The journal that has revolutionised us all is simply cribbed from the days of Amasis. The discovery throws a decidedly new light on the civilisation of Pharaonic Egypt, of which intelligent anticipation appears to have been a notable characteristic. Of course, there is another conceivable explanation of the mystery; but that must be scouted in view of the notorious trustworthiness of the vendors of antiquities in Egypt and throughout the world.

LORDCROMER'S WORK.

GREAT BRITAIN'S RECOGNITION.

ORDER OF GARTER PROBABLE.

(Gazette's Special Service.)

LONDON, Tuesday. The "Tribune" in discussing the probable manner in which the nation will recognise the eminent services of Lord Cromer to his own country and to Egypt, says that it is understood in well-informed circles that his lordship will be offered the Order of the Garter, which is the highest honour which King Edward can confer upon him. The conferring will have a great international significance in view of the fact that the Order is usually associated with Sovereignty. The full complement of the Order at present is twenty-four knights, but there is precedent for temporarily raising the number under special circumstances.

LORD CROMER'S RESIGNATION.

"AL LEWA'S" CORRESPONDENT (I)

In the "Egyptian Standard" of yesterday's date there appears a telegram purporting to come from the "London correspondent" of that paper, and pretending to give the true cause of Lord Cromer's resignation.

The construction of the sentences in this telegram is so very un-English, and the use of certain words so very unusual and peculiar, that were not completely convinced of the absolute integrity of the noble Pasha who directs the "Egyptian Standard" we might suspect the name of his London correspondent to be "Mrs. Harris."

For example, the telegram says:—

I. "I have been told that this resignation has been produced by Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, the Premier, who was dissatisfied with Lord Cromer's policy since the Denshaw incident."

Besides the strange use of the verb "produce" in this sentence, there is the characteristic Egyptian confusion of "was" and "has been."

II. "To resolve the question Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman cut short etc."

III. I have received the above news from a sincere source and I hasten to give it to you.

IV. Concocting the Council of Ministers.

Such an expression is utterly foreign, for the term Council of Ministers is most unusual as, also, "concocting." The expression which everybody would use in such a case would be "summoning a Cabinet Council." "Council of Ministers" is unknown and unused in England in application to the Cabinet Council and no equivalent in sending a telegram. The use of the above italicised words, and more especially the lack of true English idiom in the whole telegram appear to be absolute proof that it was not written by a bona-fide Englishman.

Who can the London correspondent be? Here is the text of the telegram:—

LONDON, April 14, (6.30 p.m.)

I have learnt the cause of Lord Cromer's resignation. I have been told that this resignation has been produced by Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, the Premier, who was dissatisfied with Lord Cromer's policy since the Denshaw incident.

He insisted besides, since the Denshaw incident, on the necessity of introducing reforms. Lord Cromer answered all these questions addressed to him upon this matter, asking the English government to await the publication of the Blue Book. But when the first proofs of the Blue Book were submitted to Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman he showed his dissatisfaction and told Sir Edward Grey that Lord Cromer would either have to change his policy or resign. A conflict arose between Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman and Sir Edward Grey. The latter decided at last to demand the resignation of Lord Cromer, proposing in his stead Lord Milner. To resolve the question, Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman cut short his Easter holidays and, hastened to London concocting the Council of Ministers. The majority decided in favour of the choice of Sir Edward Grey. Sir Edward Grey obtained the permission to declare in Parliament the continuation of the British policy in Egypt. Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman accepted the proposition because the basis of the policy, the viz., British control of the finances and the presence of British troops, remains the same. But reforms will be gradually introduced.

I have received the above news from a sincere source and I hasten to give it to you.

GREEK FEELING.

Last evening the Greek Community and the Greek Chamber of Commerce at Alexandria decided to send to-day telegrams to Lord Cromer expressing their regret at his departure.

The Orthodox Patriarch of Alexandria, who is at the Ortoch, on hearing of Lord Cromer's resignation, despatched a telegram expressing the regrets of the Orthodox Church at his forthcoming departure.

THE MUNICIPAL COMMITTEE.

There will be a meeting of the special Municipal Committee at the Alexandria Municipality to-morrow at 6 p.m. After the meeting the chairman, Schiess Pasha, will send invitations to co-operate to all the presidents of Chambers of Commerce, of the Communities, of the Export and Import, the Produce and the Brokers Association. A plenary meeting will then be summoned as soon as possible. It has not yet been decided whether Alexandria and Cairo will co-operate.

YEHIA PASHA'S POSITION.

Yehia Pasha has not as yet informed the Municipal committee whether he will agree to serve as the member representing the natives. After he and his colleagues have been so praised for their noble conduct in refusing to attend Sunday's meeting, the Pasha is rather in a dilemma.

GHAZI MUKHTAR PASHA.

MR. PAUAX'S INTERVIEW.

THE NATIONALIST MOVEMENT.

(Gazette's Special Service.)

LONDON, Tuesday. In referring to Mr. Pauax's interview with Ghazi Mukhtar Pasha, appearing in the "Times," the "Times" remarks that the blessing conferred upon Mustapha Pasha Kamel by the Turkish Pasha is more likely to weaken rather than strengthen whatever inclination sentimental politicians in European countries may have had to sympathise with Egyptian nationalism, as Mukhtar Pasha and Mustapha Pasha Kamel understand it. Lord Cromer has taken measures to deal with the movement, as has been already explained to his countrymen. Naturally the champions of agitation resent exposure, as it can but lead to the estrangement of what sympathy European politicians may have had for them up to the present.

The following are the leading points of the interview referred to as telegraphed to "Al Lewa":—

"I reside here in Cairo as a living protest against the British Occupation. If the English ever occupied Egypt, the blame must lie upon the Suez Canal, upon the French and even upon Turkey." The Marshal then reminds his interviewer of what Lord Palmerston said to Nubar Pasha:—"Don't open the Suez Canal. Because if you do England will be obliged to occupy Egypt." Referring to the Akaba incident of last year, Mukhtar Pasha states that Sinai Peninsula had never been placed *de facto* within the jurisdiction of the Egyptians, but only provisionally. Only since the opening of the Hedjaz Railway as far as Maan have English claims to the Sinai Peninsula suddenly appeared on the scene. The Marshal continues the interview by denying that he had wished to create a war between Turkey and England. He likewise denies that Germany had backed Turkey up at the time of the incident. He affirms the non-existence of Pan-Islamism, stating that it is an invention made by England, who is bent upon obtaining the support of such of the Powers as have interests in the East, against those who both in Turkey and in Egypt complain about English interference. Mukhtar Pasha goes on to render justice to the Egyptian National movement and states that, for the last twenty years he has been observing everything that has happened in Egypt. At the beginning he did not attribute any great importance to the movement, but to-day he has become aware of the effects it has produced, as well as of its results. The Marshal concludes his declarations by referring to the relation between the Khedive and the Sultan of Turkey. They are, he says, of the most friendly, and the Khedive is always a welcome guest at Constantinople.

KHEDIVAL OPERA HOUSE.

"L'AGE DIFFICILE."

"L'Age difficile" is a clever enough modern play and not without a certain edifying moral, in that Mme le Montauille's methods of aiding her husband to sell bric-a-brac, and providing her rascally old father with pocket-money, are devoid of collusion (with the husband at least) and are triumphantly crushed in the end. One is not tempted to sympathise with her ingenious use of her attractions, and so virtue is rewarded. But it must be admitted that Mlle Bressan was most attractive and acted very cleverly; she has studied under M. de Ferandy himself, and has proved herself an apt pupil. M. de Ferandy as Chambrey was admirable; perfectly natural in gesture, tone, and expression, he gave the part its full value. Indeed his acting was so natural and so quiet that one was even inclined to overlook the unusual merit and power of it—until the other actors brought it into prominence. The men are praiseworthy, but they tend to exaggerate. M. Bauer was perhaps the best, in a fairly easy part. M. Severin was rather conventional and not always convincing. Mme Marie Laure had a part which suited her perfectly, and she acted with admirable delicacy and truth. Mlle Helene-Maia, as the injured wife, was sympathetic and excellent in every way: perhaps she seemed to yield too easily to Chambrey's coercion, and for a moment or two she did not seem to take the situation very seriously, but all through she was delightfully unaffected. Altogether, it was an amusing and well-acted piece.

THE NEW KHEDIVAL HOTEL.

It has been decided to continue the New Khedivial Hotel at Alexandria without any material alterations for another two years. The only changes, which are to be carried out, will be the introduction of steam heating and the installation of a large refrigerator. The clients of this hotel will be pleased to hear that Mr. Reinsperger will remain as manager.

The preparations for the construction of the Ritz Hotel on the site of the Galerie Lafayette have already begun. It is said that it will be the most magnificent hotel in Egypt.

WINDSOR HOTEL.

Facing the Sea on the New Quay of Alexandria
FIRST-CLASS HOTEL.
Lately Built and Furnished.
TERMS P.T. 50 PER DAY.
Special Terms to Government Officials.

KING EDWARD AT MALTA.

ENTHUSIASTIC RECEPTION.

SIR A. DINGLI'S MONUMENT.

(Gazette's Special Service.)

LONDON, Tuesday. King Edward and Queen Alexandra were met at Malta with a most loyal and magnificent reception, and the outburst of enthusiasm on all sides was immense. Yesterday morning their Majesties witnessed the naval review and the King afterwards unveiled the monument to the late Sir Adrian Dingli, formerly Chief Justice of Malta. The King's striking tribute to the great services which Sir Adrian Dingli had rendered to Malta produced a great sensation. Later in the day their Majesties held a brilliant levee at the Governor's house.

RAISING ASSOUAN DAM.

EFFECT ON THE COTTON CROP.

The Egyptian government is determined to begin the raising of the Assouan Dam as soon as possible and last week a contract was signed by the Government with Messrs. John Aird and Co., the builders of the dam, for increasing the height of the dam by 24ft. The contract, which involves a sum of £1,500,000, will be entered upon almost immediately.

The result of the work will have an important bearing on the cotton crop. The area under cotton in 1906 is given as 1,506,290 acres. Taking the present cotton crop at 63 millions kantars, the average yield per acre works out to 44 kantars. The area under cotton in Lower Egypt alone is 1,260,107 acres, this representing about 40 per cent. of the total cultivated area in that division of the country. The whole of this area, being under perennial irrigation, is cotton-bearing. These figures, therefore, indicate that, on an average, cotton is grown on the same land two years out of five. The area under cotton in Upper Egypt is given as 246,183 acres. This represents only a small proportion of the cultivated area, less than half of the latter being under perennial irrigation. Moreover, the climatic conditions south of Assiut are unfavourable for growing cotton. In order to ascertain to what extent the cotton-bearing area is susceptible of expansion, we assume that the whole of the basin lands in the northern half of Upper Egypt will be brought under perennial irrigation, and that the uncultivated portions in both Upper and Lower Egypt will ultimately be reclaimed. The cotton-bearing area will then extend over some 5,600,000 acres (being the total of 6,387,100 acres given above, less about 800,000 acres south of Assiut). On the basis of a 40 per cent. average per annum, and a yield of 44 kantars per acre, this area might produce an annual cotton crop of about 10,000,000 kantars. It is to be observed that a considerable portion of the land at present under cultivation is being improved, which will, without doubt, contribute to raise the average yield per acre. On the other side must be set the consideration that last year's crop was so favoured by a good Nile and satisfactory climatic conditions as to raise the average yield above the level of recent years. Of the total of 10,000,000 kantars, no more than 7,000,000 and Yxannovitch varieties, for which the Delta is famous, the remaining 3,000,000 kantars representing the lower-grade cotton produced in Upper Egypt.

Lord Cromer in discussing these figures remarks:—"It will, of course, be understood that this crop of 10,000,000 kantars cannot be produced until both the supply of water has been largely increased, either by raising the Assouan dam or by some other means, and until reclamation works on a large scale have been executed in Lower Egypt. Sir William Garstin—probably the highest authority on the subject—says:—"I do not think that 10,000,000 kantars, as an eventual yield for the Egyptian cotton crop, is at all an impossible figure, but it will take many years to arrive at—probably ten or fifteen."

The Egyptian cotton crop might conceivably receive a still greater extension in course of time from two further sources, namely, the reclamation of the lakes in Lower Egypt and the development of the Oases. The former, if ever carried out, would add some 800,000 acres to the cultivated area, and a further 1,500,000 kantars to the cotton crop. The latter is at present too problematical to permit of any estimate being made of the possible results.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The Khedivial mail steamship Assouan will leave Alexandria at 4 p.m. on Saturday and Port Said at 4 p.m. on Sunday for Jaffa, Caiffa, Beyrouth, Tripoli, Mersina, and Alexandretta. The Moss liner Tabor sailed yesterday afternoon for Liverpool, via Malta, with passengers, mails, and general cargo, including 423 bale cotton.

The Moss liner Khephen sailed yesterday evening from Tripoli (Barbary) and is due here on Saturday morning the 20th inst.

The S.S. Kafir Prince, with passengers and general cargo, left Malta on the 15th inst., via Tripoli, and is due to arrive at Alexandria on Friday.

The Ellerman liner Alsatan arrived at Liverpool yesterday morning.

New Khedivial Hotel,

Family Hotel, built in 1864, between Stephens' Hotel and the Railway Station, Electric Light, Lift.
Sanitary arrangements up-to-date. Open all the year round (except terms for Government Officials and Army of Occupation).
NEW MANAGEMENT. 29942-26-31-50

GERMANY AND MOROCCO.

PUBLIC WORKS CONTRACT.

CONSTERNATION AT CONCESSION.

(Gazette's Special Service.)

London, Wednesday. The "Times" Tangier Correspondent says that there is every reason to believe that the Commissioner of the Sultan of Morocco has signed a contract with a German firm for the construction of extensive public works in Tangier, including boulevards, a seashore, and a new system of drainage. This disregard of the Algeiras protocol has produced indignation amongst diplomatic circles which is mixed with serious misgivings for the future. The matter of public works was under discussion among European representatives and the works would eventually have been put under adjudication.

ALEXANDRIA MUNICIPALITY.

MEETING OF DELEGATION.

The Alexandria Municipal Delegation met yesterday afternoon under the presidency of Schiess Pasha. At the opening of the meeting Lord Cromer's reply to the telegram of regret at his resignation, sent by the Commission on Sunday was read. Concerning the decision of the Municipality to make vaccination obligatory for all persons disembarking at Alexandria, the Ministry of the Interior has informed them that great difficulty would be found in carrying out such a regulation and that it would be preferable to institute optional vaccination. The Delegation disapproved of the Ministry's suggestion and has abandoned the project. Note was taken of a project for the transformation of Mohamed Ali square and the creation of a new square on the grounds of the Jardin Francaise as far as the sea: it was decided to ask for an estimate of cost. The Delegation decided to return to the Ministry of Public Works, with a favourable expression of opinion, the estimate for the transfer of the disinfection establishment and the hygiene laboratory. They decided to ask for a credit of L.E. 100 for the translation of the book of laws and regulations concerning the Municipality. The statement of receipts and expenditure for the first quarter of 1907 was read. The receipts of the ordinary budget totalled L.E. 64,631 and the expenditure L.E. 46,645. To the account of the extraordinary budget the receipts were L.E. 91,269, of which L.E. 88,222 was the balance from last year, and the expenses L.E. 58,630, undertaken by the Commission, leaving a credit of L.E. 32,639. The sale of land on the quays during the quarter realised L.E. 78,873. The Delegation referred to the Finance Committee a proposal for the formation of a mutual help society among the employees of the Municipality.

THE FINANCIAL CRISIS.

The position of affairs on the bourse this morning was decidedly better. There are the usual crop of rumours floating about as to the line of policy which the banks will collectively pursue, but all such rumours are entirely premature.

The fact is that the present pessimistic outlook is very much exaggerated, and although the outlook is not by any means bright at the present moment, the position is by no means as bad as it is made out to be.

THE ANTI-TUBERCULOSIS LEAGUE.

One of the greatest private works which is now being carried on in Egypt, and one that is thoroughly deserving of a portion of the rich man's wealth and of the poor man's mite, is the fight against tuberculosis which is being made by an international body under the name of "La Ligue Egyptienne contre la Tuberculose."

By scanning the report of the Alexandria committee of this league for 1906 one is convinced of the great and useful work which is being performed by it, by the help which it extends to the poorer classes without distinction of nationality, and we do not hesitate to urge upon our readers the claim of this league to the best support which they can afford. In reviewing this report we observe that since its commencement in November 1903, 254 tubercular cases have been treated in Alexandria, 8,746 consultations have been given by the dispensary in Twefik Pasha Street, 892 invalids have been visited, of which 230 patients were recognised as tubercular, and 56 deaths occurred. In 1906, 3,278 consultations were given, 50 patients were recognised as tubercular, and five deaths occurred. The dispensary in Masgud Abdel Latif Street was opened in June of last year, and in the six months, 1,649 consultations were given, 24 patients were recognised as tubercular, and 1 death was reported. The number of cases under treatment in the two dispensaries on the 1st of February last was 153, and 96 cases were under observation. The annual contributions to the league total L.E. 57,175m. and the donations amount to L.E. 87,662m. The league has started a subscription list for the construction of a home for tubercular cases and we are glad to note that their appeal has been well responded to, the donations at the time of publication of the report totalling L.E. 49s.

CARLTON HOTEL

BULEKLEY (near Alexandria) half way to San Stefano
RAMLEY'S FASHIONABLE HOTEL
Full Pension P.T. 50 a day with Monthly Terms
Dinner from 6 to 8 o'clock at 25d. each.
Reclame Lunch, P.T. 16. — Dinner, P.T. 20.
Proprietor, C. AQUILINA, (Late of The Cook & Son)

BRITISH COTTON CONFERENCE.

WEAVERS' DEMAND REFUSED.

CHANCES OF A STRIKE.

(Gazette's Special Service.)

London, Wednesday. The conference of cotton manufacturers sitting at Manchester has refused the demand of the weavers for an additional 5% advance on their wages. This decision affects 120,000 operatives and it is expected that a vote will be taken as to whether strike notices should be issued.

BADEN-POWELL'S SUCCESSOR.

(Gazette's Special Service.)

London, Wednesday. Major-General Scobell succeeds Major-General Baden-Powell as inspector of cavalry on May 7th.

THE CAPITULATIONS.

THE SANCTION OF GERMANY.

The idea that the conflicting interests of two countries may be satisfactorily settled by means of mutual concessions in other domains seems to appeal to Germans. A feeler is launched in the Berlin Press in connection with a discussion on the present phase of the Egyptian question. Germany's interests in Egypt, it is pointed out, are purely commercial, but Germany's sanction is requisite before the Capitulations can be abolished or altered, and this sanction being an object of value the suggestion is made that some compensation may be demanded in return for it.

FRENCH COMMENT.

Commenting on Lord Cromer's report, the "Journal des Debats" says:—

"We do not want to arouse any anxiety about the tendency to disintegrate the country which is now being exhibited. So long as Great Britain, in her general policy and in minor questions, such as, for instance, in that of Abyssinia in the last few months, loyally observes towards us the spirit of the agreement we have only to follow and develop that same spirit ourselves in matters which may arise between the two countries. We cannot forget that one of our agreements with Great Britain concluded on April 8, 1904, declared that the French Republic would place no obstacle in the way of Great Britain's action in Egypt by demanding that a time limit should be set for her military occupation of that country or in any other way."

PERSONAL AND SOCIAL

The King has been graciously pleased to appoint James Henry Monahan, Esquire, to be his Majesty's Consul for the Eastern Coast of the Red Sea, to reside at Jeddah.

Borton Bay, Assistant Postmaster General, will, it is believed, succeed Saba Pasha, As Peake Bay, the other Assistant Postmaster General, is retiring shortly from the Government service, the two posts of Assistant Postmaster General will be both vacant.

Mohamed Bey Wahid, a notable of Helouan, has sent the following telegram to Lord Cromer:—

"The country has been shaken by the news of your resignation. Regret is universal among Egyptians, especially at the reason that prompted resignation. In the name of many among those who have enjoyed the fruits of your justice, I beg to give expression to our great regret. We all heartily wish you speedy recovery and thank you sincerely for all you have done to reform our country, promote its welfare, and lay the foundations of permanent prosperity in it. We shall always remember you with gratitude and consider you the greatest benefactor to Egypt and its people."

Among the visitors at the Beau Rivage Hotel, Ramleh, are: Capt. W. Hughes, Dr. and Mrs. H. Putter, Mr. W. Hoepker, Mr. and Mrs. Pitts Hall, Mr. A. Bompert, Mme et Mlle de Balan, Mr. and Mrs. Hassan Effendi, Mr. and Mrs. James Watson, Mrs. McGlynn, Mr. G.C. Barlow, Mrs. and Miss Catt, Mr. and Mrs. H. Sheffield, Mrs. and Mrs. B. Barrett, Mr. and Mrs. Ch. Shaw.

Among the latest arrivals at the Savoy Hotel, Port Said we notice: Grafin Henkel Donnersmark, Grafin Hahn Basedow, Lord and Lady Hastings, Gibson Pasha, Dr. Maynard Paine, Dr. Stamm, Mrs. and Miss Fischer, Mr. Foster, Mrs. and Miss J. Smith, Mr. Schuler, Capt. and Mrs. Biddulph, Mr. Platt, Major and Lady Wilson, Miss Lush, Miss Gerard, Capt. Stanley, Flower, Miss Ward, Dr. Panna, Frau von Posa, Mr. Madlener, Mrs. Crossley, Mr. Hartmann, Mr. and Mrs. Windham, Miss Cowell, Major Balfour, Mrs. Davies, Miss Harrison, Mrs. Bult, Prof. Sittler, Col. and Mrs. Eyre, Col. and Mrs. Garnett, Col. and Lady Granville Smith, Mr. and Mrs. Bradley, Sir Harvey Bathurst-Bark, Mr. H. Brooke Greville, Major Protheroe Smith, Mr. and Mrs. Mack, Mr. and Mrs. Imbault.

Among the visitors staying at the Carlton Hotel, Ramleh, are: Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Johnson; Mr. and Mrs. W. Davies, Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Bigelow, the Misses Bonwell, Mr. A. Schmidt Woerner, Capt. and Mrs. Loveband and Miss Loveband, Mrs. Boissieu, Mrs. E. Guerry, Mr. J. Guerry, Rev. Dr. C. Abela Testaferrata, R.N., Capt. and Mrs. Napier, Lieut. Edgeworth, Capt. J. Forbes, Mrs. F. Modino, Capt. W. Macdonald, Mr. J. Hickey, Miss A. English, Capt. A. Wakelin; Mr. R. H. Whitworth, Baroness and the Misses Cumbo, Mr. and Mrs. Mavridis, Mr. and Mrs. Ellul.

TELEGRAMS.

COLONIAL CONFERENCE.

THE PREMIER'S GREETING.

HIS TRIBUTE TO CHAMBERLAIN.

LONDON, April 16.
Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, welcoming the Premier at the Colonial Conference, extended his special greetings to General Botha whom he described as the Benjamin of the Brotherhood. He said that preference must hold a prominent position in the discussion of the Conference. It was not empowered to form binding decisions. The Imperial Government cannot go behind the declared opinions of the country; nevertheless he believed that there were many matters of moment in which there was room for arrangement and advice. Sir H. Campbell-Bannerman paid a glowing tribute to Mr. Chamberlain's work for the Empire. (Renter)

FREEDOM OF CITY CONFERRED.

ROBERTS AND BOTHA MEET.

LAURIER'S RESPONSE TO TOAST.

LONDON, April 16.
The Premier this afternoon marched in procession through decorated streets from the Hotel Cecil to the Guildhall to receive the freedom of the City. The proceedings were marked by the stately ceremonial. Mr. Deakin returned thanks on behalf of his colleagues. The brilliant company present included Cabinet Ministers, the Archbishop of Canterbury, high officials, and military naval officers.
Immediately after being introduced to the Lord Mayor, General Botha met Lord Roberts on the dais when a most impressive handshake took place amid tumultuous cheering.
Sir W. Laurier, responding to the Lord Mayor's toast, said that the Premier had only to look round and see Dr. Jameson and General Botha to find an answer to the question whether the Conference would be a failure. The success of the Conference was assured and would demonstrate that the Empire was a living entity. (Renter)

U. S. PEACE CONGRESS.

ROOSEVELT'S OPINION.

NEW YORK, April 16.
President Roosevelt, in a letter addressed to the Peace Congress, met here, urges the limitation of navies, the adoption of a general arbitration treaty, and the appointment of judges sitting permanently at the Hague. (R.)

EARTHQUAKE IN AMERICA.

TWO TOWNS DESTROYED.

VERA CRUZ, April 16.
The towns of Chilpancingo and Chilapa were destroyed by earthquake on 14th inst. 38 persons were killed or injured. (Renter)

PARIS, April 16.
An earthquake in Mexico has destroyed Chilpancingo and Chilapa. It is said that 500 people have perished. (Havas)

[We conclude that this earthquake is the one referred to yesterday in Havas' telegram from Paris as having been recorded by the German and Italian seismographs. Ed. E.G.]

LONDON COUNTY COUNCIL.

ISSUE OF LOAN.

LONDON, April 16.
The London County Council loan of £5,600,000 at 3½% has been issued at 97. (Renter)

TELEGRAMS.

INTERNATIONAL PEACE CONFERENCE.

VIENNA, April 16.
The Dutch Minister has postponed the Peace Conference until June 15. (Havas)

KING EDWARD'S TOUR.

ROME, April 16.
The Press announces that after the meeting at Gaeta the English Sovereigns will visit Rome incognito. (Havas)

TURKISH FRONTIER TROUBLE.

SOFIA, April 16.
The outpost of the Turkish frontier at Tchernaskala fired upon the Bulgarian outpost. (Havas)

CEREAL MARKET.

ROD EL FARAG. (Yesterday's Prices.)			
Wheat Tugari-Baladi.	Ard. P.T.	138	140
" Middling.	"	142	144
" Mawani.	"	152	155
" Shami.	"	122	123
Beans Tugari.	"	127	128
" Zawi.	"	138	140
" Nabati.	"	138	140
" Old.	"	138	140
Lentils Tugari.	"	81	86
" Nakati.	"	88	90
" Zawi.	"	81	86
Barley Tugari.	"	81	86
" Zawi.	"	81	86
" Shami.	"	81	86
" Mariti.	"	81	86
Dura Shami.	"	81	86
Ruba.	"	124	126

Calendar of Coming Events

ALEXANDRIA.	
April.	
Wed. 17	Tour Eiffel. Variety Entertainment. 9. El Dorado. Music-Hall. Varieties. 9.30.
Thurs. 18	Société Réunion Ramille. Grand Concert followed by small dance. 9. School Sports. 3.
Fri. 19	Zizania Theatre. Orwa el-Woska. Benefit Performance. M. de Péroudy in <i>Plus Que Femme</i> and <i>Le Médecin Malgré Lui</i> . 9.
Sat. 20	A.H.S. Flower Show. Mustapha Range. British Rifle Club. Match and Practice. 2.30.
Sun. 21	A.H.S. Flower Show.
Mon. 22	New Khedivial Hotel. Concert by Madame Meyer and pupils.
Thurs. 25	A.S.C. 1st Summer Meeting. First Race. 3.30.
Sat. 27	Bab el Ghedi Station. Reception on arrival of Khedivial Train.
Mon. 29	British Consulate. General Meeting of Alexandria Cricket Club. 6.30.

CAIRO.	
April.	
Wed. 17	Khedivial Opera House. M. Férandy 9.15. Esbekieh Gardens Theatre. 9.
Thurs. 18	Continental Hotel. Military Band. 4 to 6.
Sun. 21	Zooological Gardens. Ghizeh Boy's Band. Afternoon.
Thurs. 25	Abdeen Palace. Khedive's Farewell Reception.

Hamburg & Anglo-American NILE COMPANY.
River Transport of Goods between Alexandria and Cairo
THREE SAILINGS A WEEK.
Agents at Alexandria
ALEXANDRIA BONDED WAREHOUSE CO. LTD.

EGYPT EXPLORATION FUND.

PAST SEASON'S OPERATIONS.

Mr. Edouard Naville contributes to the "Times" an instructive account of the operations carried out during the season just ended by the Egypt Exploration Fund, which will interest our readers. Mr. Naville writes:

The excavations of the Egypt Exploration Fund at Deir el Bahari are drawing towards their close. During this campaign, with the assistance of Mr. Curdell, Mr. Dennis, and Mr. Dalison, I have gone on digging out the oldest temple at Thebes, the sanctuary of Mentuhotep of the XIth Dynasty, a King who left a name in Egypt, and to whom special honours were granted by his successors, as late as Ramesses II. of the XIXth Dynasty.

This winter we made no such sensational discovery as last year. We cannot show a work of art as remarkable as the Hathor goddess, the sacred cow, who has been transported, with her shrine, to the museum in Cairo. But we discovered something which, though not being a museum object, is important, because it gives us some information as to the worship of King Mentuhotep.

The temple of the XIth Dynasty, discovered three years ago, has a peculiar form which at present is unique. It consists of a rock-platform to which access is given by a ramp. In the middle is a square mass of building which originally had a casing of white limestone; it probably is the basement of a pyramid, towering above a colonnade hall, for there are rows of columns on all sides. But the temple extends a great deal further back, towards the lofty rocks forming a majestic circle at the end of the valley of Deir el Bahari. The clearing of this part has been the work of the last weeks of 1906 and of this campaign.

We first met with an open court lined on both sides with a single colonnade; further we found remains of a hypostyle hall not yet completely excavated, but where we can trace already 72 columns of the so-called protodoric style, and bearing the name of Neb-Hepet-Ra Mentuhotep.

In the open court, which we reached last year, we stopped at the entrance of a sloping passage extending down below the pavement, and the door of which was obstructed by heaps of enormous stones and rubbish. We left the clearing of it for this year. We entered it a fortnight ago. It is a well cut rock tunnel, which goes down quite straight for 150 metres (about 500 ft.). On more than half of its length it is vaulted; two sandstone blocks leaning against each other at the top, and cut in the form of an arch, rest on the rock and on walls of dry stones erected on both sides. Except at the entrance, where there was a pile of stones, the passage was free. Between the two walls there was a path sufficiently wide for a man to go down.

At the end of the tunnel there is a room of granite made of big blocks extremely well joined, like the chambers in the pyramids. The door was blocked by a stone. One might have expected that this chamber was a tomb, but it seems clear that it had a different purpose. The greatest part of it is occupied by a great alabaster shrine, made of large blocks of that beautiful stone. Except a cornice and a moulding it has no sculpture or ornament of any kind. The ceiling is made of an enormous monolithic red granite slab, over which comes again alabaster.

This shrine was empty except for a few well cut black granite stones, which were part of a casing inserted between the shrine and the walls of the chamber. In my opinion this shrine was a sanctuary; it was the abode of the ka, as the Egyptians called the double or the image of the King, which was represented by a statue now destroyed. In front of the shrine there was a heap of broken wooden figures, fragments of furniture, and a quantity of cloth in which must have been wrapped offerings, or perhaps mummified animals, also a few small pieces of bones said to be human. But there was no trace of a wooden or stone coffin, no definite evidence of a burial. This is the reason why I consider this shrine as a sanctuary. This agrees with a decree found on a large stele at the entrance of the passage, in which a successor of Mentuhotep, of the following dynasty, orders that for what he calls "the cave of Mentuhotep" should be provided every day food and drink, and whenever a bull should be slaughtered in the great temple of Amon, roast meat should be brought to that cave. These offerings are those of a god or of the King adored as such; they are not funerary.

It must have been a place where priests had frequently to descend, since an arch was made over the passage evidently after the chamber and shrine had been finished. There would have been no reason for arching a passage leading to a closed funeral chamber.

The shrine, which is 3 metres 50 long, 2m. 25 wide, and 2m. 50 high, is striking by its fine architecture, and the beautiful material out of which it is made. It would be extremely difficult to remove it to a museum. It would be an expensive work, also somewhat dangerous. Besides, in a large hall it would by no means produce the same effect as it does in its subterranean granite chamber. It will remain for the present in its deep hiding place. The passage will be closed by a door, so that people specially interested in Egyptian architecture may reach it; for it is not advisable for tourists to go in, nor would they much enjoy it.

As it is, it has added a new feature to the temple of the XIth Dynasty, which has been so rich in unexpected architectural discoveries. The platform, the pyramid issuing out of a colonnade, the hypostyle hall, the subterranean sanctuary, form a whole of a nature quite unique among Egyptian temples.

We hope to finish the excavations at Deir el Bahari shortly. Then the two temples, built at more than a thousand years' interval, will be free, and the whole of the circus-like end of the valley will be visible. I feel bound to add that, except for one-third of the temple of the Queen whose popular name is Hatasoa, which was uncovered by Mariette, the clearing of the site of Deir el Bahari, now one of the chief attractions at Thebes, is entirely the work of the Egypt Exploration Fund. This great work, which lasted more than ten years, and which added monuments of priceless value, and to various other collections both in Europe and America, has been completely carried out by private subscriptions.

EGYPT'S TRADE.

FEBRUARY'S IMPORTS.

The total goods cleared through the Egyptian Customs during February were valued at L. 1,958,788 against L. 1,623,055 for the same period last year, the difference thus being a gain of L. 335,733 in favour of 1907. The above mentioned surplus of L. 335,733 was mainly divided as follows: France L. 94,886, England L. 62,584, Germany L. 45,406, Austria L. 38,339, and Turkey L. 20,100. Belgium dropped L. 34,501 on the month.

Textiles as a class were L. 89,907 higher, Coal and Cereals were respectively L. 50,458 and L. 45,569 to the good, whilst the Parcels Post contributed no less than L. 52,235 to the general increase. Only two out of the fifteen Customs categories showed a decline viz: Metals with a shrinkage of L. 28,657 and Colonial Produce with a loss of L. 14,410.

BUILDING MATERIALS.

France with L. 9,425 and Belgium with L. 7,355 were the largest shippers of lime, plaster and cement during February. England followed with L. 4,964.

COAL.

The imports of coal were 128,920 tons against 83,144 tons last year. The total shipments were declared at L. 111,451.

FLOUR.

The flour returns were nearly L. 20,000 better than those for the previous February. Over 60% of the clearances of L. 118,756 were credited to France, though it is satisfactory to note that, after Russia with L. 13,048, England occupied the third position with L. 11,072. The total quantity of flour passed through the Customs was 14,783,393 kilos, being some 2½ million kilos more than in 1906.

FURNITURE.

The furniture returns still maintain an upward tendency the clearances for the month amounting to L. 56,243. England was well in the front rank, her shipments of L. 12,700 being almost identical with Austria and France. Italy contributed L. 8,095.

HOOPS.

Iron hoops to the extent of 204,544 kilos, valued at L. 1,554, were delivered during February. These figures, as previously explained are included in the iron and iron goods division.

IRON AND IRON GOODS.

The figures of L. 123,559 for this classification do not show much improvement on those of last year. As a matter of fact, riders at 4,634 tons were, 1,833 tons lower than in February 1906, though, on the other hand, the goods classified by value were declared at L. 92,102 against L. 77,781. England was credited with L. 48,768, Belgium L. 29,067, and Germany L. 23,084.

LINEN GOODS.

Made up linen goods to the value of L. 43,996 were received during the month under revision, being an expansion of L. 9,266 over last year. The principal shipping countries were France L. 13,580, L. 10,492, Germany L. 6,247 and Austria L. 5,248.

LOCOMOTIVES AND ROLLING STOCK.

The main causes of the shrinkage in the Metal category was the entire absence of rolling stock deliveries, and the fact that only L. 5,758 was credited to locomotives.

MANCHESTER GOODS.

Following the rush to clear Manchester goods during January, when an increase of L. 139,263 over 1906 was noted, the returns for February, although totalling L. 226,908, were only L. 29,665 above the corresponding period of last year. The details of the shipments, compared with 1906, are as follows:—
By weight: 1,455,617 kilos=L. 180,942 against 1,454,972 kilos=L. 162,875.
By measure: 2,357,137 metres=L. 45,961 against 1,767,422 metres=L. 34,363.

It will be observed that the average price per kilo of the goods classified by weight has risen some P.T. 1.3 (34d) during the twelve months.

Although dearer goods are now arriving, it must not be forgotten that part of such increase of P.T. 1.3 was due to the change mentioned in our February issue—in the Customs regulations now in force for valuing Manchester Goods.

MACHINERY-AGRICULTURAL.

The clearances at L. 30,776 were L. 17,000 higher than last year. Germany did business with Egypt in this line to the extent of L. 5,077, Switzerland L. 1,430, America L. 573, whilst England forwarded goods to the value of L. 23,316.

MACHINERY-GENERAL.

An increase of L. 22,000. The main deliveries were England L. 21,015, France L. 18,184 and Germany L. 7,529.

RICE.

The amount of rice landed during February was 5,814,660 kilos valued at L. 48,114 against 3,346,412 kilos=L. 36,061 last year. Rangoon shipped rice to the value of L. 43,014.

SUGAR.

2,231,278 kilos were cleared against 3,026,777 in 1906. Austria increased her shipments from L. 14,117 to L. 25,353. On the other hand, China and the Far East had no boats discharging this year.

SACKS.

The whole of the sack deliveries of L. E. 12,832—except a small parcel of L. E. 22 from Turkey—came from India.

TIMBER.

The Timber figures at L. E. 62,986 showed a loss of L. E. 28,352. Sweden sent L. E. 24,768, Russia L. 14,553, Austria L. 14,182 and Turkey L. E. 5,590.

TOBACCO.

Tobacco to the value of L. E. 59,000 reached Egypt during the month. On the 28th February, the stock of tobacco in bond throughout the whole of the Egyptian Customs was 6,870,517 kilos or 155,707 bales. These figures are an increase of 325,736 kilos over the stocks held on the 31st December last.

ENGLAND'S SHARE.

England's returns for the month amounted to L. E. 632,517 being an increase of L. E. 62,584 over February 1906. Her share of Egypt's total imports was thus 32.2%, and of the country's increased trade 18.6%. Coal, Manchester Goods, and General Machinery were the principal factors on the credit side of the account, whilst Locomotives and Rolling Stock caused a drop of over L. E. 80,000 in the British figures.

(British Chamber of Commerce Bulletin.)

To-day's Exchange Quotations

	Banks' buying	Banks' selling
London cheque	97 1/4	97 1/2
3m. bank paper	96 1/4	96 1/2
3m. house paper	96 1/4	96 1/2
Paris cheque	385	386
3m. bank paper	382 1/2	383 1/2
3m. house paper	381 1/2	382 1/2
Switzerland cheque	383 1/2	384 1/2
3m. house paper	380	381
Germany cheque	473 1/2	475
3m. bank paper	467 1/2	469
Italian cheque	383 1/2	384 1/2

* Less one per mille brokerage.

Alexandria, le 10 avril 1907.

Eastern Telegraph Co. Ltd.

AVERAGE TIME occupied in transmission of Egyptian telegrams from England to Alexandria on Tuesday 16th April, 1907.

Between the hours of 12.30 a.m. and 1 p.m. (Cairo time)

(Calcutta time)			
FROM	MESSAGES HANDLED IN AT		
	The Company's Offices	Postal Telegraph Offices	
	H. M.	H. M.	
London.....	24	47	
Liverpool	24	53	
Manchester	31	53	
Glasgow	20	1.	15
Other Provincial Offices	—	55	

79 & 80 HIGH HOLBORN, LONDON, W.C., England.

BOURSE DU CAIRE

Le Caire, le 16 Avril 1907.

Banques

National Bank of Egypt	Actions Obligations	Zoufianca
Agricultural Bank of Egypt	8 1/4	910
Banque d'Athènes	123-124	
Cassa di Sconto	208	
Nouv. Emis.	307	
Land Bank	8 1/4	78
Comptoir Financ. & Comm.	5 1/4	5 1/2
Banque d'Algerie	6	
Banque d'Orient	123 ex	
Sté Générale Egyptienne	265	73

Chemins de Fer

Alex. & Ramleh Railway	5 1/4
oblig. 5 1/2	102
Delta Light Railway	10 1/2
Lots Turcs obligations	155

Societes des Eaux

Alexandria Water Company	13 1/4
Eaux du Caire part capital	115
Eaux de Tantal	115

Societes Foncières

Daira Saïch Nouvelle	15 1/4
Credit Foncier Egyptien	750
Credit Fonc. ob. 3 1/2 o/a Lots	339-340
Cr. Foncier ob. Nouv. Emis.	500
Cr. Foncier ob. 3 1/2 o/a	500
Soc. Agricole & Ind. 5 o/a	935
Société Agricole & Ind. 4 o/a	515
Caisse Hyp. d'Egypte	560
Société Anonyme du Bahari	125
Sté An. du Bahari Adig. L. E. 4 1/4	1130
Société Foncière d'Egypte	31
Delta Land Company	2 1/2
Wardian Estate	6
Nile Land	26 1/2
Egyptian Estates Limited	1 1/2
Union Foncière	5-5 1/2
Anglo-Eg. Land Allotment	2 1/2 P.T.
Shadieh Land	3 1/2 P.T.
Cairo Suburban	5 1/2
Egypt. Land Invest. and Building	2 1/2

Societes Immobilières

Cie. Immobilière d'Egypte	369
Agricole du Nil	245
Entrepreneur d'Egypte	11 1/2
Urbanes et Rurales	6 1/2 ex
Entreprises Ind. et Travaux L. E.	9 P.T.
Egarene Immobilière Ltd	2 1/2 P.T.

Societes Industrielles

Anglo-Eg. Spinning	0 1/2
Crown Brewery of Alex.	224
Crown Brewery du Caire	118
Egyptian Cotton Mills	4/9
Egyptian Salt and Soda	19/19-3
Sté des Ciments d'Egypte	46
Sucreries et Raffinerie	75
Port Said Salt Association	13/6
Nile Cold Storage	0 1/2
Egyptian Markets	225-225 1/2

Navigation a Vapeur

Anglo-American Nile	4 1/2
Chevalier Mail S.S.	4 1/2
Hendelsh Canal & Nav. Co.	1.3 1/4
Express Nile Steamers Co.	1.3 1/4
Nouvelle	4 1/2
Egyptian Mail St. Co.	10 n.

Hotels

Nungovich Hotels	25 1/2
Egyptian Hotels	8 1/4
National Hotels	1.2 1/4
Upper Egypt Hotels	1.2 1/4
Novelle	1.2 1/4
Island Hotels	1.2 1/4
Excursion Hotels	1.2 1/4

Tramways

Tramways d'Alexandria	181
Tramways du Caire	602

Valeurs diverses

Egypte Khediviale du Caire	2
Suez Canal Investments	1
Société d'Irrigation	16
Corporation of W. Egypt	0 1/4
New Egyptian Company and General Trust	22 1/2
Soc. Frigorifique d'Egypte	1.2 1/4
Valter & Meunier	0 1/2
Automobiles du Caire	4
Egyptian Constructors	0 1/2
Co. Egypt. de Publicité	4 1/2

QUESTIONS.

SPORT AND PLAY.

A. S. C.

The following are the nominations and entries due on 1st April 1907.

MUNICIPAL CUP.—Khalil Pasha Khayat's Sadik and Obeayan, Messrs. A. J. Sursock and A. J. Michaelides' Jupiter, Ibrahim Bey Cherif's Valentino.

KHEDIVIAL CLUB CUP.—H.H. Prince Omar Pasha Toussoun's Jourham and Aboul-Hol, Hassan Mohsen Pasha's Karaguz, Saleh Bey Yaghen's Mizzaud and London, Omar Bey Sultan's Gouvernant, Messrs. A. J. Sursock and A. J. Michaelides' Roi de l'Air, Ibrahim Bey Cherif's Valentino and Mikado.

OWNERS' HANDICAP.—H.H. Prince Omar Pasha Toussoun's Habdan and Beylan, Major G. Gilson's Aedon, Saleh Bey Yaghen's Miasser and Frou Frou, Ibrahim Bey Cherif's Fadgham and Padsan, Ibrahim Bey Cherif's Mikado, Kara Aslan, and Ter El Hanam, Capt. Rome and Capt. Grant's Rainbow, Hassan Bey Kheir El Din's Isahak, Mr. E. Karam's Madi and Athara, Messrs. A. J. Sursock and A. J. Michaelides' Karro and Phintias, Baron J. E. de Menasse's Petrone and Radium, Moharrem Pasha Chahin's Abou Nadara, Mr. E. Bustros Roland, Khalil Pasha Khayat's Suleik and Sadik, Messrs. Branch and Summers' Dusk.

LORD ROSA HANDICAP.—H.H. Prince Omar Pasha Toussoun's Naini, Baron J. E. de Menasse and Mr. Ferd. de Martino Benghazi, The Angels, Brown Boy, Ulema and Veronique, Mr. G. L. Sursock's Opinion, Wattarah Saleh Bey Yaghen's Carlton and Romulus, Omar Bey Sultan's Bonus, Messrs. Branch and Summers' Red Cedar, Khalil Pasha Khayat's The Rejected and Aurelius, Mr. E. B. Thurbron's Flying Vixen and Parkinilla, Hassan Pasha Mohsen's Riado, Major Protheroe-Smith's Night Watchman.

MAY HANDICAP.—Moharrem Pasha Chahin's Shour, Major H. B. Protheroe-Smith's Said II, Isahak Bey Hussein's El Tahawi, Saleh Bey Yaghen's Mizzaud and Tokar, Khalil Pasha Khayat's Sinououn and Obeayan, Messrs. A. J. Sursock and A. J. Michaelides' Roi de l'Air, Ibrahim Bey Cherif's Valentino, Kordofan and Matarawi, Omar Bey Sultan's Rachid.

OTTOMAN HANDICAP.—H.H. Prince Omar Pasha Toussoun's Jourham and Aboul-Hol, Ibrahim Bey Cherif's Valentino, Omar Bey Sultan's Gouvernant, H.E. Moharrem Pasha Chahin's Shour and Aida, Mr. E. Bustros Roland, Mrs. Hunter and Mr. K. R. Speir's Firefly, Messrs. Branch and Summers' Red Cedar, Hassan Pasha Mohsen's Karaguz.

INTERNATIONAL HANDICAP.—H.H. Prince Omar Pasha Toussoun's Naini, Baron J. E. de Menasse and Mr. Ferd. de Martino Benghazi, The Angels Brown Boy, Ulema and Veronique, Mr. G. L. Sursock's Opinion and Wattarah, Saleh Bey Yaghen's Carlton and Romulus, Omar Bey Sultan's Bonus and Red Cedar, Khalil Pasha Khayat's The Rejected and Aurelius, Hassan Mohsen Pasha's Riado, Major Protheroe-Smith's Night Watchman.

GREAT ANNUAL HANDICAP.—H.H. Prince Omar Pasha Toussoun's Hila and Kahraman, Major G. Gilson's John Peel, Saleh Bey Yaghen's London and Tokar, Isahak Bey Hussein's El Tahawi and Fadgham, Ibrahim Bey Cherif's Valentino and Mikado, Major Protheroe-Smith's Djelhan, Omar Bey Sultan's Rachid, Mr. E. Karam's Florist and Kousaiban, Messrs. A. J. Sursock and A. J. Michaelides' Roi de l'Air and Venicous, Baron J. E. de Menasse's Faincant, Moharrem Pasha Chahin's Shour and Abou Nadara, Mr. E. Bustros Roland, Khalil Pasha Khayat's Suleik and Telnesse.

CENTENARY HANDICAP.—H.H. Prince Omar Pasha Toussoun's Naini, Baron J. E. de Menasse and Mr. Ferd. de Martino Benghazi, The Angels Brown Boy, Ulema and Veronique, Mr. G. L. Sursock's Opinion and Wattarah, Saleh Bey Yaghen's Carlton and Romulus, Omar Bey Sultan's Bonus and Red Cedar, Khalil Pasha Khayat's Aurelius and Macdon, Hassan Pasha Mohsen's Riado, Major Protheroe-Smith's Night Watchman.

EGYPTIAN HANDICAP.—H.H. Prince Omar Pasha Toussoun's Jourham and Aboul-Hol, Omar Bey Sultan's Gouvernant, Moharrem Pasha Chahin's Aida, Mrs. Hunter and Mr. K. R. Speir's Firefly, Messrs. Branch and Summers' Red Cedar, Hassan Mohsen Pasha's Karaguz.

SUMMER HANDICAP.—H.H. Prince Omar Pasha Toussoun's Habdan and Beylan, Major G. Gilson's John Peel, Saleh Bey Yaghen's Miasser and Frou Frou, Ibrahim Bey Cherif's Mikado and Kara Aslan, Major H.B. Protheroe-Smith's Bibico, Messrs. Branch and Summers' Dusk, Mr. E. Karam's Madi and Athara, Messrs. A. J. Sursock and A. J. Michaelides' Karro and Phintias, Baron J.E. de Menasse's Petrone, Moharrem Pasha Chahin's Abou Nadara, Mr. E. Bustros Roland, Khalil Pasha Khayat's Suleik and Kawkab, Isahak Bey Hussein's Fadgham and Padsan.

SELLING HANDICAP.—Major Protheroe-Smith's Said II, Saleh Bey Yaghen's London and Mizzaud, Messrs. A.M. Johnson and A.W. Molony's Moofid, Khalil Pasha Khayat's Obeayan and Sadik, Messrs. A. J. Sursock and A. J. Michaelides' Venicous and Roy Blas, Ibrahim Bey Cherif's Shendi, Mr. E. Karam's Chater.

ALEXANDRIA CRICKET CLUB.

The General Meeting will be held at the British Consulate on Monday, 29th April, at 6.30 p.m.

BUSINESS:

1. Accounts for 1906.
2. Election of officers for 1907.
3. General matters.

CRICKET IN CAIRO.

RAILWAY INSTITUTE v. ROYAL ENGINEERS.

This match took place last Friday on the Institute ground. The home captain, having won the toss put the Engineers in first. A bad start was made, Windsor scattering Elsey's stumps first ball. Townsend only scored a single before being bowled. After Newton had left for a "duck," Davies and McCudden made a fair stand, but when the former was run out the side went to pieces before the bowling of the Rev. J. T. Burns and P. G. Windsor. With a total of 46 to beat, Messrs. Burns and Windsor went to the wickets and soon knocked out 30, when the former was run out. Windsor then proceeded to give a brilliant display hitting in all directions. He treated Newton with scant courtesy, on one occasion sending him clean over the Institute roof, and it was not until he had knocked out 63 that Elsey caught him splendidly. All the home batsmen made a good show and stumps were drawn with the score at 169 for 8 wickets. The Institute thus winning easily by 123 runs. The details of the scores are as follows:—

ROYAL ENGINEERS.

Sapper Elsey, b. Windsor	0
Corpl. Townsend, b. Burns	0
Sapper Davies, run out	24
Newton, b. Burns	0
McCudden, b. Burns	9
Corpl. Dore, run out	1
Russell, b. Windsor	4
Sapper Franklin, c. Da Costa, b. Windsor	6
Booth, c. Hayes, b. Windsor	0
Jordan, not out	0
Corpl. Stevens, b. Burns	0
Extras	0
Total	46

E. S. R. I.

Rev. J. T. Burns, run out	15
P. G. Windsor, c. Elsey, b. Newton	63
R. J. Wheel, b. McCudden	12
D. Wilson, c. Elsey, b. Newton	19
J. Kelly, b. Davies	12
F. J. Da Costa, c. Franklin, b. Davies	0
W. S. Davies, not out	14
G. Walker, c. b. Davies	17
L. H. Lion, b. Dore	11
Extras	6
Total for 8 wickets	169

G. Attwood and W. M. Hayes did not bat.

VARSITIES v. REST.

A cricket match was played at Ghezirah on Saturday 14th April. Scores as follows:—

THE VARSITIES.

1st Innings.	
Rev. F. Anderson, c. Marsham, b. Macdonald	2
Mr. Scott Dalglish, c. Franklin, b. Macdonald	4
Mr. Williams, b. Macdonald	7
Mr. Rivers Smith, st. Sanderson b. Postlethwaite	4
Mr. Hodges, b. Macdonald	0
Mr. Morrison, c. Marsham, b. Postlethwaite	28
Arling Smith, st. Sanderson, b. Postlethwaite	88
Hebbard, c. Postlethwaite	6
Pollard, c. Liddell, b. Macdonald	9
Thompson, c. Sanderson, b. Postlethwaite	0
Hammoud, not out	0
Leg byes	3
Total	151

Bowler.

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Macdonald	12	1	54	5
Postlethwaite	16	3	49	5
Goschen	7	2	16	—

THE REST.

1st Innings.	
Capt. Liddell, c. R. Smith, b. Hebbard	4
Mr. Sanderson, b. Hodges	24
Goschen, l.b.w. Scott Dalglish	34
Franklin, c. Hebbard, b. Scott Dalglish	21
Mr. Moberly, b. Scott Dalglish	0
Marsham, not out	60
Brown, c. Hodges, b. I. Smith	35
Halow, c. Hebbard, b. Hodges	14
Hall, run out	0
Macdonald, st. Hodges	9
Postlethwaite, b. Williams	1
Byes	3
Leg byes	2
Total	207

Bowler.

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Irving Smith	15	2	58	1
Hebbard	9	1	41	1
Hodges	12	1	46	3
Scott Dalglish	9	—	40	3
Williams	4	—	12	1

DALGLEISH v. ANDERSON.

The following are the scores of the match played between eleven captained by Mr. Scott Dalglish and the Rev. Anderson.

MR. SCOTT DALGLEISH'S.

1st Innings.	
Mr. Scott Dalglish, b. Franklin	63
F. M. Stout, c. Brown, b. Young	46
Williams, b. Young	27
P. W. Stout, b. Jordan	31
Mr. Goschen, b. Young	3
Pollard, b. Jordan	1
Moberly, l.b.w. Young	6
Wyatt, st. Anderson, b. Jordan	26
Postlethwaite, st. Anderson, b. Jordan	0
Hebbard, not out	0
Byes	9
Total	212

REV. ANDERSON'S.

1st Innings.	
Mr. Furber, c. b. P. Stout	2
Graham, c. Dalglish, b. P. Stout	2
Mr. Brown, b. Stout	36
Rev. Anderson, c. substitute, b. Wyatt	3
Mr. Franklin, b. Postlethwaite	2
Jordan, st. Goschen, b. Stout	10
Young, b. Postlethwaite	0
Jackson, c. Stout	7
Thompson, st. Goschen, b. Stout	5
Sampson, not out	11
Byes	4
Leg byes	2
Total	82

GYMNASTIC.

CAIRO POLICE SCHOOL.

A gymnastic display was given by the cadets of the Police School, Cairo, in the square of the school on Monday evening before a large number of ladies and gentlemen, chief among whom we noticed, the Countess of Cromer, Sir William Garstin, Sir Vincent Corbett, Mr. and Lady Valda Macell, Major-General and Miss Bullock, Judge and Mrs. Chapcott, Fahmy Pasha, Pakhy Pasha, Coles Pasha, Mansfield Pasha, Saad Zaghloul Pasha, Mr. Dunlop, Major and Mrs. Elgood, Mr. Mellraith, Mr. Dunlop, Mr. Moberly. The physical drill display cannot be commented upon too highly; the various movements were enacted with finish and agility, reflecting considerable credit on the men themselves and their instructors. The mounted company of the school went through various movements on horseback, each of which being accomplished in such a manner that a strong impression of thoroughness was accepted. The parade of the five companies of foot and one mounted company presented a fine spectacle, while all acquitted themselves very creditably in each and every movement. Lady Valda Macell presented the prizes to the first ten cadets of the school who had achieved success in the recent examination. The guests partook of tea in the Commandant's garden, the catering arrangements being entrusted to the Grand Continental Hotel and under the direction of Mr. Braun.

NOTICE.

PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

Summer Rates 15th May to 15th September 1907.

	Between	First.	Second.
Port Said and London	£14.	£9.	
" " " " "	Marseilles	10.	£7.
" " " " "	Brindisi	7.	

These rates are Nett and do not entitle to a rebate upon the returning fare.

Commencing 28th May the departure from Port Said to Marseilles is intended to be on Tuesday afternoon, after the arrival of the 11 a.m. Cairo train.

A Steam Tender will convey Passengers to the ship. 30054-10-1

ALFRED M. BUCHANAN,
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The Best Drink for Hot Countries is
BARLEY WATER.
The Best Way to make Barley Water is to use
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PATENT BARLEY
It can be obtained in One Pound Tins at the Local Store.
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OLD ROMAN BATH.
Health resort arranged according to modern requirements, in the Forests of the Taurus. Curative Water against Nervous Complaints, Female diseases, Metabolic-assimilation diseases.
Schlangenbad
Dispatch of the Mineral Waters (Celebrated for improving the complexion).
Prospectus to be obtained from the Königliche Badeverwaltung und die Burgemeisteri.
29784-12-1

BANQUE D'ATHENES.

Le rapport sur l'exercice 1906 vient d'être publié. L'événement le plus important de l'année a été la fusion de cette institution avec le Crédit Industriel de Grèce et le placement des actions de la quatrième série qui ont permis de porter le capital à 40 millions de drachmes et la réserve à 8,735,000 drachmes.

Le rapport s'étend sur les questions touchant la Société Privilegiée dans laquelle la Banque possède d'importants intérêts. La Société des Vins et Spiritueux a été fondée sous ses auspices, la participation de la Banque dans cette nouvelle entreprise est Dra. 2.350.000. La créance de la Banque d'Athènes contre la Société Vinicole a été liquidée avec une perte de Dr. 725.000 qui a été entièrement amortie avec les bénéfices de l'année dernière.

Une importante convention a été conclue avec le Gouvernement de Samos ayant pour objet la fondation dans cette île d'une succursale de la Banque avec droit d'émettre des billets de Banque et destinée à devenir pour ainsi dire la Banque privilégiée de Samos. Cette convention agréée par le Conseil d'Administration sera prochainement soumise à l'approbation du parlement Samiot et devra ensuite être ratifiée par S.M. le Sultan.

L'accroissement important des opérations et l'augmentation du personnel, survenus surtout après l'augmentation du capital ont imposé au Conseil d'élargir l'installation de la Banque d'Athènes. Les locaux occupés jusqu'ici par la Banque Industrielle étant devenus sa propriété par suite de la fusion, le Conseil a décidé de reconstruire ce local sur de nouveaux plans permettant l'installation des services d'une manière plus aisée et de vendre à la Banque d'Orient son établissement actuel au prix de Dr. 570,000.

Voici en quels termes s'exprime le nouveau directeur général M. Mazas parlant des agences égyptiennes: "Je dois tout spécialement rehausser l'action progressive de nos succursales d'Egypte, lesquelles profitant de la prospérité extraordinaire de ce pays et bien dirigées nous ont donné des résultats très satisfaisants en regard aux moyens que nous avions mis à leur disposition."

De ma récente visite en Egypte j'emportai la meilleure des impressions quant à la richesse du pays, sa prospérité et la force de l'élément hellénique qui occupe la première place dans le commerce et les affaires en général tout aussi bien en Egypte qu'en Soudan. J'ai donc la conviction que malgré le progrès de nos succursales d'Egypte, nous avons le devoir de songer à renforcer notre Banque là-bas et à nous établir dans d'autres points encore tant de l'Egypte que du Soudan, sûrs que si nous y réussissons par une combinaison convenable, non seulement nous servirons nos intérêts d'une façon efficace mais nous nous montrerons également utiles au point de vue national en contribuant indirectement au développement des intérêts commerciaux helléniques et des rapports commerciaux avec ces riches pays où l'élément hellénique est florissant."

Les bénéfices nets de l'exercice écoulé s'élèvent à la somme de 3.823.305 dr. dépassant ceux de l'année précédente d'environ dr. 860.000. Outre ces bénéfices ordinaires, la Banque a réalisé encore un bénéfice extraordinaire de dr. 9 millions qui est le produit de la prime de la dernière émission. De cette somme 500,000 dr. ont été payés aux actionnaires de la Banque Industrielle à titre de *good will*.

Profitant de ces résultats très satisfaisants, la nouvelle Direction Générale a cru devoir procéder à des amortissements sérieux qui se montent à dr. 1.824.012,90. Elle a proposé également de doter le fonds de réserve ordinaire de dr. 7.625.000.

L'Assemblée Générale vient de ratifier cette répartition et de déclarer un dividende de 10 drachmes par action.

BERLITZ SCHOOLS OF LANGUAGES
325 BRANCHES.

French, German, Italian, Greek, Arabic, etc.
Private Lessons, Residence Lessons, taught by Native Masters.

A PRETTY MATRON OWES HEALTH TO PE-RU-NA.



MRS. ANNA N. KAISER,
Had Suffered Severely From Pelvic Catarrh—Cannot Praise Peruna Too Highly—Read Her Letter.

MRS. ANNA N. KAISER, Two Rivers, Wis., was a sufferer from pelvic catarrh to such an extent that she could scarcely do her own work. In describing her symptoms, she wrote:

"I have such terrible backaches and pains below my shoulder blades, way down my back and across my hips, and at times pains in the pelvic organs, so that I am not able to lie down or sleep. I also have pains through my left side and am afraid I may be getting heart trouble."

After taking Peruna and following Dr. Hartman's instructions for several weeks, Mrs. Kaiser reported as follows: "I feel much stronger and do not get nervous as I used to. The pain is entirely gone, except when I work a little too hard. The medicine has done me wonderful good. I am taking Peruna and Maudslayi. My bowels are also in good condition."

For special directions everyone should read "The Ills of Life," a copy of which surrounds each bottle. Peruna is for sale by all chemists and druggists at five shillings per bottle or six bottles for twenty-five shillings.

Those wishing direct correspondence with Dr. Hartman and can wait the necessary delay in receiving a reply should address Dr. A. B. Hartman, Columbus, Ohio, U.S.A.

The following wholesale druggist will supply the retail drug trade in Alexandria, Egypt.

MAY FISCHER,
Cairo and Alexandria.

Messrs. McLAREN, Engineers, of Leeds, England, have sold a large number of Steam Ploughs and Kassabieh in Egypt this year. Everyone who has land to cultivate, or to level, should see them at work. Amongst the purchasers are His Highness Prince Hussein Kamel Pasha, His Highness Prince Halim; The Wardan Estates Company have purchased seven Machines, Messrs. Zagdoun Freres two Machines, also Messrs. Jatrodakakis, Bushrahanna, Alexandre Kouri Haddad, Mr. R. P. McGillivray, etc.

They can be seen at work any time on application to Mr. Peter McLaren, our permanent representative in Egypt, at Sheppard's Hotel, Cairo, or to our Agents, Messrs. Thos. Cook & Son (Egypt) Ltd., Boulac Engine Works, Cairo. Full information may also be obtained from Messrs. J. & H. McLAREN, Midland Engine Works, Leeds, England.

JOHN FOWLER & Co., (LEEDS) LTD.,
ESTABLISHED 1850.

THE OLDEST & LARGEST MANUFACTURERS IN THE WORLD OF
STEAM PLOUGHING MACHINERY
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION AND FOR ALL SOILS.

Over 35 years experience in ALL PARTS OF EGYPT where our steam ploughing tackles are in constant use and giving the greatest satisfaction.

The only makers of steam ploughing machinery who manufacture their own STEEL WIRE ROPES.

FOWLER'S STEAM PLOUGHING TACKLES are the strongest, best designed and best proportioned in all their parts, therefore they are the most economical.

Experience of over half a century in all parts of the world.

ALLEN, ALDERSON & Co., Ltd.
AGENTS.

ALEXANDRIA — CAIRO — KHARTOUM. 29783-14-6-907

VIGOROUS DAYS
Fortify yourself against the wear and tear of the day by taking
CADBURY'S COCOA
ABSOLUTELY PURE
and entirely perfect (it is the best) is a cup of this soothing beverage before retiring. The "real" Cocoa of the day is Cadbury's Cocoa, it is used right and morning. It gives substantial benefit to the muscular and nerve system, and makes the body pliant with energy and strength. THE FINEST FOOD. BOASTED ON GETTING CADBURY'S.
RESTFUL NIGHTS

BULLETIN DE LA BOURSE

(Aujourd'hui à midi et demi).

Nous sommes heureux de pouvoir aujourd'hui enregistrer une reprise qui, quoique légère, ne manquera pas de donner une certaine vitalité à notre marché, si éprouvé depuis quelque temps. Les transactions très nombreuses ont porté sur un grand nombre de valeurs.

La Cassa di Sconto remonte à 210, la Delta à 2 15/16, l'Investment à 15 1/16, les Estates à 1 3/4, le Comptoir à 5 1/2, la Building à 4 13/16, le Crédit Franco à 5 1/2, l'Aboukir à 14, les Markets à 5 et l'Ordinary Khedivial Mail à 38 1/2. La Banque d'Orient et l'Union foncière sont demandées à 123 et 5 1/4 respectivement sans vendeurs.

Les Ritz s'effondrent à 2 3/16 sur la rumeur que le capital de la Société serait porté à L.E. 1,000,000. En baisse également la Ramleh à 5 3/4, l'Obligation Crédit Foncier ancienne à 337 et la Fondation Land Investment à 3 3/4.

On annonce la fondation de nouvelles agences disposant de moyens financiers assez importants. La maison Emile Sisto & Co. vient notamment de s'établir avec un capital de £21,000. Le moment est, en effet, très opportun pour un emploi rémunérateur de capitaux sur notre place.

Cirulaire H. De Vries et Boutigny

NOTES ET CRITIQUES

Le Caire, Mardi 16 Avril 1907.

Le taux de l'Escompte libre à Londres a été encore réduit hier de 1/8 à 3 1/2 pour cent. Au Stock Exchange, le Consolidated anglais a baissé de 1/8 à 86 3/8. L'Unifiée est restée invariée à 101 3/4. Le National Bank est renouveau à 24 1/2, ex coupon, soit en réel d'environ 3/8. L'Agricole a perdu 1/8 à 8 3/4, de même que la Delta à 15 5/8 et la Delta Light à 10 1/2.

A Paris, le Crédit Foncier Egyptien a baissé de 6 francs à 729 et la Banque d'Athènes de 1 franc à 126.

Loi, la séance d'aujourd'hui a été la continuation de celle d'hier, avec accentuation de la baisse sur les valeurs qui étaient offertes. La nouvelle de la suspension des paiements d'une maison de courtage d'Alexandrie, ainsi que la mauvaise tenue du coton, ont contribué à augmenter le malaise et à aviver les inquiétudes. La seule note rassurante est qu'à la suite des démarches faites hier une réunion des chefs des établissements de Banque se tiendra cet après-midi, à la National Bank, à l'effet d'aviser sans retard aux mesures qui pourraient assister efficace tout le marché.

Dans le compartiment des Banques, la National a cédé à 24 1/2 ex coupon, soit en baisse d'environ 3/8. L'Agricole s'est tassée à 8 3/4. La Cassa di Sconto a faibli à 208. Le Comptoir Financier a fléchi à 5 1/2.

Le Crédit Foncier a été équilibré à 730; sa part de fondateur est descendue à 700; l'obligation à lots ancienne a progressé à 339 3/4. La Nile Land a perdu 9 livres à 26 1/2. L'Immobilière a baissé à 369. L'Agricole du Nil a été traitée à 246. L'Allotment est tombé à 2 1/2.

Les Entreprises Immobilières et Travaux se sont maintenues à 9 nominal; leur part a été ramenée à 85. L'Egypcie Immobilière est restée à 2 3/8; sa part a cédé à 91. La part de fondateur Express Nile a réaffecté à 117.

Dans le groupe des valeurs boursières, les Nungovich ont été délaissés à 25 3/4. Les Egyptian ont baissé à 8 5/8 et 11/16. Les National se sont raffermis à 2 7/8 et 15/16 et leur part à 45 47.

Parmi les petites valeurs, la Delta Land a baissé à 2 15/16, les Estates à 1 11/16 et leur part à 16 1/2. Les New Egyptian sont revenues à 92 sh. Les Markets à 23 sh. 1 1/2, les Saltand Soda à 19 sh. 1 1/2 et les Ritz Hotels à 2 1/2.

On a de particulier à relever sur les autres valeurs, qui n'ont, d'ailleurs, pas été négociées.

L'assemblée générale ordinaire de la Société Anonyme Egyptienne de Publicité a eu lieu hier, à 4 heures de l'après-midi, au siège de la Société. 1549 actions étaient représentées. L'ordre du jour était le rapport du Conseil d'Administration et de celui du conseil. Les bénéfices nets de l'exercice se sont élevés à L.E. 2,132.90, après amortissement de toutes les frais d'émission et de première installation. Le conseil a proposé de mettre L.E. 100 à la réserve et, après paiement des intérêts, de dividendes, de reporter à nouveau le solde de L.E. 81, 94.

L'assemblée a approuvé les comptes à l'unanimité et a décidé de distribuer un dividende de P.E. 45 aux actions ordinaires, représentant 15 % sur le montant versé, et de P.E. 27 aux parts de fondateur.

Le dividende est payable à partir du 20 du courant, à l'Anglo Egyptian Bank Ltd., au Caire et à Alexandrie, contre estampillage de certificats provisoires pour les actions et contre le coupon No. 1 pour les parts de fondateur.

The Ritz Hotels (Egypt), Limited.

Notice is hereby given that the Transfer Offices of the Company will be closed from the nineteenth to the twenty-sixth April, 1907, both days inclusive.

Dated, the 17th day of April, 1907.

By Order of the Board,
ERROL KERR,
Secretary in Egypt.

The Ritz Hotels (Egypt) Limited.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a General Meeting of the holders of the Preferred ordinary shares in the capital of the Company will be held at the offices of Maître Carton de Wiart at Standard Building, Sharia Kasr el Nil on Thursday, the 25th day of April 1907 at 3.45 o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of considering, and if thought fit passing the subjoined resolution.

"That the provisional agreement dated the 15th day of April 1907 made between the Company of the one part and Franz Sofio of the other part on behalf of the holders of the preferred ordinary shares in the capital of the Company consenting to the conversion or exchange of the 5,000 deferred ordinary shares for 100,000 preferred ordinary shares of the Company of £1 each being at the rate of 20 fully paid preferred ordinary shares for every deferred ordinary share and to the increase of the capital of the Company by the creation of 850,000 new preferred ordinary shares of £1 each be and is hereby approved."

30055-1 Dated the 17th day of April 1907.

The Ritz Hotels (Egypt) Limited.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that an

Extraordinary General Meeting of The Ritz Hotels (Egypt) Limited will be held at the offices of Maître Carton de Wiart, at Standard Buildings, Kasr el Nil, Cairo, on the 25th day of April, 1907 at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, when the subjoined Resolutions will be proposed.

1) That it is desirable that the business and affairs of the Company should henceforth be managed and directed from Egypt, and that Board Meetings be held either in Cairo or Alexandria, and that accordingly the Articles of Association be altered in such manner and form as may be determined by the Meeting.

2) That the plots of land mentioned in the Agreement referred to in this Resolution belonging to The Nile Land and Agricultural Company being part of the Garden City, Cairo, and containing altogether about 93,000 square metres of land, be acquired by the Company in consideration of the allotment to the Nile Lands and Agricultural Company of 450,000 fully paid Preferred Ordinary Shares, subject to and upon the terms and conditions set forth in an agreement dated the tenth day of April 1907 made between the Nile Lands and Agricultural Company of the first part, Charles Basso of the second part, and the Company of the third part (a copy of which agreement has been read to the Meeting), or any modification thereof which may be approved by the Directors.

3) That the conditional agreement dated the twelfth day of April, 1907, and made between the Company of the one part and The Nile Lands and Agricultural Company and Charles Basso of the other part be and the same is hereby approved, and that subject to the authority of Parliament being obtained for the purpose the 5,000 Deferred Ordinary Shares of the Company of One Shilling each which have been issued and are fully paid up be converted into and exchanged for 100,000 fully paid up Preferred Ordinary Shares of the Company of One Pound each, such conversion or exchange being at the rate of twenty fully paid up Preferred Ordinary Shares for every Deferred Ordinary Share, and that the Directors be and are hereby authorised to have prepared an Act of Parliament for the purpose of enabling such conversion and exchange to be effected and to have such Act when so prepared promoted in Parliament.

4) That having regard to the two Provisional Agreements respectively submitted to and approved by this meeting by the two last preceding resolutions and to the agreement dated the twelfth day of April 1907 made between the Company of the one part and Franz Sofio on behalf of all the holders of Preferred Ordinary Shares in the capital of the company of the other part, now submitted to this Meeting, which last mentioned agreement has been ratified by an Extraordinary Resolution passed at a separate Meeting by the holders of Preferred Ordinary Shares and with a view to providing further capital for the purposes of the Company, the capital of the company be increased by the creation of 850,000 Preferred Ordinary Shares of One Pound each ranking in all respects par passu with the 150,000 Preferred Ordinary Shares already issued and that as regards 300,000 Preferred Ordinary Shares part of such new 850,000 Preferred Ordinary Shares, the Directors be and are hereby authorised to issue them at such terms and conditions as they may think proper.

5) That an agreement made the tenth day of April 1907 between this company of the one part and Messrs. Henry Vincent Higgins and Theodore Matesdorf of the other part for the payment of compensation to them in respect of their loss of office as Directors be confirmed.

(Should the above resolution number one be passed by the requisite majority it will be submitted for confirmation as a special resolution to a further Extraordinary General Meeting which will be subsequently convened.

Dated the 17th day of April, 1907.

By Order of the Board,
ERROL KERR,
Secretary in Egypt.

30055-1

CHEZIREH MANSIONS, LTD.

Messieurs les Actionnaires de cette Société sont avisés que le 2ème appel de 5 Shillings par action est payable le 20 Avril 1907, aux guichets de l'Anglo-Egyptian Bank, au Caire et à Alexandrie sur présentation des Certificats Provisoires.

Les versements non effectués à cette date seront passibles de 9 % d'intérêts l'an, sans préjudice des poursuites prévues par les Statuts de la Société et la loi.

30055-2A-1 L'Administrateur-délégué.

AVIS

TAPIS SPARTALI.

Faire connaître à notre nombreuse clientèle les derniers arrivages de tapis pour la fin de saison dans les magasins Spartali sis avenue Rosette. Les prix exceptionnels et l'affluence du monde qui visite ces derniers jours nos magasins. Conseiller à la clientèle de ne pas perdre cette occasion exceptionnelle.

La Maison Spartali accepte des commandes en toutes tailles et couleurs pour l'automne prochain sur une riche collection de dessins qu'elle tient à la disposition de son honorable clientèle.

CREDIT FONCIER EGYPTIEN

273^{me} TIRAGE

DES OBLIGATIONS 3 o/o A LOTS

EMISSION 1896

15 Avril 1907

Le No. 83,098 est remboursable par 100,000 francs.

Les vingt-cinq numéros suivants sont remboursables par 1,000 francs :

8,166 64,217 198,344 296,784

4,385 71,664 208,210 302,600

19,880 72,434 234,093 384,659

36,550 82,746 241,845 397,211

49,842 139,809 259,602 349,747

52,219 141,989 283,809 370,829

872,281

52^{me} TIRAGE

DES OBLIGATIONS 3 o/o A LOTS

EMISSION 1903

15 Avril 1907

Le No. 464,107 est remboursable par 100,000 francs.

Les vingt-cinq numéros suivants sont remboursables par 1,000 francs :

401,681 448,181 527,047 676,088

420,849 460,154 521,180 747,496

130,799 462,876 604,189 739,827

432,879 464,495 614,972 748,614

433,413 486,825 655,296 784,203

444,516 490,094 668,701 786,886

797,166

Le paiement des lots sera effectué à partir du 1er Mai 1907.

En Egypte (au pair) :

Au Caire : au Siège Social.

A Alexandrie : au Crédit Lyonnais.

En Europe :

(au change du jour sur Paris)

A Constantinople : au Crédit Lyonnais

A Genève : à la Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas.

A Bâle : chez Messieurs Rudolf Kaufmann & Cie.

A Smyrne : au Crédit Lyonnais.

A Lausanne : à la Société Générale d'Assurance de Banque.

A Amsterdam : à la Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas.

30,052-1

SHIPPING MOVEMENTS.

ALEXANDRIA HARBOUR.

ARRIVALS.

April 14.

Cleopatra Aust. s. Capt. Ivellib, Trieste and Brindisi, Austrian Lloyd.

April 15.

Rigel Carol 1er, Rom. s. Capt. Marguier, Constantinople et Smyrna, Muller.

Boar, Brit. s. Capt. Gaskell, Jaffa, Asia Minor.

Resumé Mouvement Graines de Coton

	depuis le 1er Septembre	1906	1905-6	1904-5
Ardebs	8.782.000	3.165.000	3.093.000	
Ardebs	8.782.000	3.165.000	3.093.000	
Ardebs	8.782.000	3.165.000	3.093.000	
Ardebs	8.782.000	3.165.000	3.093.000	
Ardebs	8.782.000	3.165.000	3.093.000	
Ardebs	8.782.000	3.165.000	3.093.000	
Ardebs	8.782.000	3.165.000	3.093.000	
Ardebs	8.782.000	3.165.000	3.093.000	
Ardebs	8.782.000	3.165.000	3.093.000	
Ardebs	8.782.000	3.165.000	3.093.000	

Cloture de la Bourse Khediviale

CONTRAIS

Cours de l'Association des Courtiers en Marchandises

Coton F.G.F.Br. 6h. p.m.

Novembre ... Tal. 19 - A - 1/32

Janvier ... 19 1/10 - A - 3/32

Mars ... 19 13/32 - A - 7/16

Mai ... 19 3/16 - A - 1/2

Juillet ... 19 29/32 - A - 1

Graines de coton

Nov.-Decembre-Janvier, P.T. 67 - A - 5/40

Avril ... 75 35/40 - A - 76

Mai ... 76 35/40 - A - 77

REMARQUES

Coton.-Recette actuelle.-La tenue pendant l'après-midi a été meilleure que dans la matinée; toutefois la reprise n'a rien d'important et au fond le marché est hésitant.

Dans la matinée prix plus haut pour mai talaris 19 1/10 - A - 1/32; nov. 18 15/16 - A - 1/32; plus bas pour mai 18 13/16 - A - 1/32; nov. 18 13/16 - A - 1/32; plus bas pour mai 18 25/32 - A - 1/32; nov. 18 13/16 - A - 1/32.

N.B.-Rapports.-Sans changement

Au moment de la clôture, les nouvelles étaient les suivantes :

Liverpool, coton égyptien disp. 10 9/16. Futurs mai : 10 6/4.

Liverpool, coton américain : Futurs mai-juin : 5.76.

Futurs oct.-nov. : 5.38.

New York : coton américain : Futurs mai : 9.69.

oct. : 10.01.

Graines de coton.-Recette actuelle.-Pas d'affaires mais cours soutenus à peu près rien même niveau.

Dans la matinée prix plus haut pour avril P.T. 75 15/40 - A - 1/32; plus bas pour avril 75 35/40 - A - 1/32; plus bas pour avril 75 35/40 - A - 1/32; plus bas pour avril 75 35/40 - A - 1/32.

N.B.-Rapports.-Sans changement

Bourse Khediviale, le 16 avril 1907.

COTONS

copie de la dépêche

DE L'ALEXANDRIA GENERAL PRODUCE ASSOCIATION

à la

LIVERPOOL COTTON ASSOCIATION

(Cours pratiqués hier soir à 5h. p.m. à la Bourse Khediviale.)

Tal. 18 25/32 Livraison Mai

" 18 15/16 " Juillet

" 18 31/32 " Novembre

" 18 27/32 " Janvier

Marché steady

(Cours clôture d'hier soir à 6h. p.m. affichés par l'Association des Courtiers en Marchandises à la Bourse Khediviale.)

Tal. 19 3/16 Livraison Mai

" 19 29/32 " Juillet

" 19 19/16 " Novembre

" 19 1/16 " Janvier

Marché steady

(Cours pratiqués ce jour à la Bourse Khediviale à 5h.45 a.m.)

Tal. 19 1/16 Livraison Mai

" 19 25/32 " Juillet

" 19 31/32 " Novembre

" 19 15/32 " Janvier

Marché quiet

Arrivages de ce jour, à Minet-el-Bassal, env. 4)

On ne peut pas se fier à la Bourse Khediviale à 12h.15 p.m.

Tal. 19 1/16 Livraison Mai

" 19 25/32 " Juillet

" 19 31/32 " Novembre

" 19 15/32 " Janvier

Marché steady

MARCHÉ DE MINET-EL-BASSAL

17 avril 1907.-(11h.55 a.m.)

Coton.-Cloture du marché du 16 avril : Marché en

Etat du marché de ce jour, coté : Marché en

Les arrivages de ce jour se chiffrent par env. 4, contre même jour l'année précédente env. 787.

ARRIVAGES

du mercredi 17 avril 1907

Documents de l'Association des Courtiers en Marchandises

COTONS

Cotons ... 8/8

Graines de coton ... sacs 2165

Bleu Sadi ... 71

Bleu Sadi ... 71

Bleu Sadi ... 71

Bleu Sadi ... 71

Bleu Sadi ... 71

Bleu Sadi ... 71

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Bleu Sadi ... 71

Bleu Sadi ... 7

SAYERS'

Celebrated Cognac Brandies
all guaranteed "Pure Grape"

AGENTS REQUIRED.

Apply to

Geo. Sayer & Co.

Cognac, (France.)

London Prize Medal 1882.
Highest Reward, Lower Canada, 1885.
Hors Concours, Chicago, 1893.



AUFGEBOET.

Es wird zur allgemeinen Kenntnis gebracht,
dass

- 1) der ledige Kaufmann August Wilhelm BILGER, wohnhaft in Gottmadingen Amt Konstanz, Baden, Sohn des Bierbrauerbesitzers Albert Bilger und seiner Ehefrau Marie Bilger geborenen Pfizer, wohnhaft in Gottmadingen,
- 2) die ledige Privatkauffrau Wanda Bertha ALBERTINI, wohnhaft in Alexandrien, Egypten, Tochter des Kaufmanns Alberto Albertini verstorben und zuletzt wohnhaft in Alexandrien und seiner Ehefrau Emma Albertini geborenen Haltiner, wohnhaft in Alexandrien,

die Ehe mit einander eingehen wollen.
Die Bekanntmachung des Aufgebots hat in der Gemeinde Gottmadingen und Stadt Alexandrien zu geschehen.

Gottmadingen, am 2. April 1907.

Der Stauderbeamte.
Zunkeller.

L.S. 30048-1

National Bank of Egypt

AVIS

Messieurs les Actionnaires de la National Bank of Egypt, sont convoqués en Assemblée Générale Extraordinaire pour le samedi vingt Avril 1907 à 3.30 de l'après-midi, au Siège Social, au Caire, afin de délibérer sur la proposition suivante :

Augmentation du Capital Social et modification de l'article 10 des Statuts.
Tout actionnaire possédant au moins vingt actions a droit de prendre part à l'Assemblée Générale à condition de déposer ses actions dans l'un des lieux ci-après désignés où il lui sera délivré une carte d'admission :

En Egypte, cinq jours au moins avant le jour de la réunion, soit le 13 Avril au plus tard : au Siège Social, au Caire ; à la Succursale d'Alexandrie ; aux Agences de la Banque à Assiout, Assouan, Benha, Beni-Souef, Chelbi-el-Kom, Damour, Fayoum, Keneh, Mansourah, Minieh, Louxor, Port-Saïd, Sohag, Tantah, Zagazig, et Moussy (Caire) et dans les Etablissements de banque suivants du Caire et d'Alexandrie : Anglo-Egyptian Bank, Bank of Egypt, Banque d'Athènes, Banque Impériale Ottomane, Banque d'Orient, Banque de Salonique, Cassa di Sconto e di Risparmio, Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris, Crédit Lyonnais, Deutsche Orientbank A.G.

En Europe, au plus tard, le 11 Avril à Paris et à Marseille, aux bureaux de la "Société Marseillaise", en Italie, dans les bureaux de la "Banca Commerciale Italiana" ; à Londres, à l'Agence de la National Bank of Egypt, 4 & 5 King William Street.

L'Assemblée pour pouvoir délibérer valablement, devant réunir la moitié des actions émises, Messieurs les Actionnaires sont priés de faire le dépôt de toutes leurs actions.

Le Gouverneur
P. T. ROWLATTE.

Le Caire, le 16 Mars 1907. 29792-11-8

Direction Generale des Postes

L'Administration des Postes met en adjudication le service des transports postaux dans la ville d'Alexandrie au moyen de fourgons automobiles.

Le cahier des charges peut être obtenu à la Direction Générale des Postes à Alexandrie. Les offres seront reçues jusqu'au 15 Mai 1907 inclusivement, elles devront être dressées sur papier timbré et transmises sous double enveloppe, celle extérieure adressée à M. le Directeur Général des Postes et celle intérieure portant la Mention "Offre pour transports par automobile".

L'Administration se réserve le droit d'accepter l'offre qu'elle jugera convenable et même de ne pas donner suite à l'adjudication.

Alexandrie, le 15 Avril 1907. 30050-1

Port Said Salt Association Ltd.

HUITIEME ASSEMBLEE GENERALE.

Avis est donné par la présente que l'Assemblée Générale Ordinaire des Actionnaires aura lieu au Bureau de la Société, Rue Stamboul N° 14, le Samedi 27 Avril à 4 heures de l'après-midi, pour entendre la lecture du Rapport des Administrateurs, approuver les comptes et le Bilan pour la période du 1er Janvier au 31 Décembre 1906 ; élire le conseil et s'occuper des affaires courantes de la Société.

Pour assister à l'Assemblée Générale, les actionnaires devront déposer leurs actions au plus tard trois jours avant la date fixée, près de l'un des établissements suivants : Crédit Lyonnais, Banque Impériale Ottomane, Anglo-Egyptian Bank Ltd., Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris, Crédit Franco-Egyptien, Banque d'Athènes.

The Port Said Salt Association Ltd.

Le Président,
P. W. CARYER.

30045-1

Sudan Government

NOTICE.

Persons importing Egyptian Labourers to work in the Sudan are recommended to enter into a written contract with them. This contract should be explained and signed by the Labourers in presence of an official or other reliable witnesses.

28282-30-10-907

The United Egyptian Lands, Limited.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the date of the allowance of Three Pence per Share for payment in full in anticipation of Calls in this Company, has been extended up to noon on the 30th April, 1907.

C. T. HOLLAND,
Managing Director.

The United Egyptian Lands, Limited.

Nous avons l'avantage de prévenir les actionnaires que le délai pour la remise de trois pence par action, allouée en cas de libération par anticipation des versements non appelés, a été prolongé jusqu'au 30 avril 1907, à midi.

30042-3-2

CHEMINS DE FER DE L'EST EGYPTIEN.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

As over six years have now passed since the above Company was amalgamated with the Egyptian Delta Light Railways Ltd., holders of shares in Chemins de Fer de l'Est Egyptien are reminded that they must present their shares to the National Bank of Egypt without further delay to obtain in exchange shares in the Egyptian Delta Light Railways Ltd. as the period of limitation is approaching and the conversion account will shortly be closed. Exchanges will be effected at the rate of 7 Delta for 20 Est Shares.

A. ADAMS,
Agent and General Manager.

30000-6-6

Societe Internationale des Employes D'ALEXANDRIE.

SIÈGE SOCIAL RUE SIDI EL METWALLI No. 30
ET RUE HAMMAN EL ZAHAB No. 1 AU 1ER ETAGE

BUREAU DE PLACEMENT

Un Français 40 ans cherche une place d'aide Ingénieur.

Une principale Maison de Nouveautés d'Alexandrie demande de bons vendeurs.

Jeune femme française parlant grec et turc désire emploi dans maison de Commerce, Banque ou Assurances.

Serait disposé à partir pour l'Intérieur ou le Soudan, pas exigeant.

Adresse L. D. N° 32430 poste restante ou à la Société.

Un jeune employé de confections pour hommes, cherche à se placer.

Un employé de bureau connaissant le grec, le français, l'italien et le turc, désire ne pas se placer ; prétentions modestes.

N.B.—Pour tous renseignements s'adresser au Siège Social de la Société, Rue Sidi el Metwalli N° 30 et Rue Hamman el Zahab N° 1 au 1er Etage.

Le Secrétariat est ouvert tous les jours, excepté les dimanches et jours de fête, de 7 h. 1/2 à 8 h. 1/2 du soir.

Les insertions ci-dessus sont faites gratuitement par les soins de la Société et seuls les sociétaires peuvent en bénéficier.

Les personnes qui adressent des demandes à la Société, sont priées de joindre un timbre pour la réponse.

9-4-907

AVIS

L'Administration des Wakfs Khédiviaux Privés met de nouveau aux enchères publiques 138 feddans, 4 kiras et 20 sabsas, répartis comme suit :

	F. K. S.
Nahiet el Beita, Moudirieh de Béhéra. (1)...	5 5 4
Zawiet Razin, Moudirieh de Menoufieh.	46 4
Tambeicha Moudirieh de Menoufieh.	(2) 61 19 16
Rbeisa, (2 parcs), Moudirieh de Béhéra.	20
	138 4 20.

N.B.—(1) Une parcelle mise dans ce village près de la gare d'Esbet-Khourchid est limitée : au Sud, par le chemin qui va du petit quai jusqu'à El Mahmoudieh. au Nord, par d'autres terrains du Wakf, à l'Est, par la digue du canal el Mahmoudieh. à l'Ouest, par la digue du chemin de fer. Un plan de cette parcelle se trouve à l'Administration. La mise à prix de chaque feddan est de 1000 L.E.

(2) La mise à prix de chaque feddan de ces parcelles est de 150 L. E. Dans la séance du 15 Novembre 1905 date antérieurement fixée pour la première adjudication, les offres n'ayant pas été favorables, la vente a été ajournée.

L'Administration tiendra le jeu le 25 Avril 1907 une séance à son siège au Palais d'Abdine. Les personnes qui désirent prendre part à la vente peuvent, après la visite des lieux et après avoir pris connaissance des conditions d'adjudication, présenter leurs offres sous pli cacheté à l'adresse de S.E. le Directeur de l'Administration.

Les offres ne devront pas être inférieures au prix nominal indiqué ci-dessus et seront accompagnées d'un cautionnement qui ne pourra être inférieur 10 % de la valeur.

L'Administration se réserve le droit d'accepter ou de refuser toute offre qui lui sera adressée sans aucune responsabilité de sa part.

29914-4-3

MUNICIPALITE D'ALEXANDRIE.

AVIS

Le public est informé que la vente au enchères des 130 parcelles en fer se trouvant à la Rue Choumet et Taint, fixée au lundi 15 courant, a été annulée.

Alexandrie, le 10 Avril 1907.

L'Administrateur :
Sig. W. P. CHATAWAY.

30018-3-3

AVIS

La Municipalité met en adjudication les travaux de démolition des Immeubles et murs, recouvrant les lots du Jardin Français et se trouvant Place Mohamed Aly.

Le cautionnement est fixé à L. E. 50.

Le cahier des charges est déposé au bureau Technique où il peut être consulté par les intéressés tous les jours de 9 h. à midi, les jours fériés exceptés.

Les offres devront être adressées sous pli cacheté à Monsieur l'Administrateur de la Municipalité avant le 23 Avril 1907.

Elles pourront également être déposées en séance de la Délégation le même jour à 5 h. p.m. L'enveloppe devra porter en outre la mention : "Soumission pour démolition Immeuble et murs, des lots du Jardin Français."

Le cautionnement ou le reçu d'une banque, d'après les conditions du cahier des charges, devra être remis séparément au Service de la Comptabilité Générale avant l'ouverture des offres et au plus tard le 23 Avril à midi.

Toute offre qui ne remplit pas les conditions ci-dessus sera écartée.

L'Administrateur
(Signé) W. P. CHATAWAY.

Alexandrie, le 12 Avril 1907. 30031-5-2

AVIS

La Municipalité met en adjudication l'équipement des animaux morts dans le périmètre de la ville d'Alexandrie.

Le cautionnement est fixé à L. E. 60 (Soixante).

Le cahier des charges est déposé au bureau Sanitaire où il peut être consulté par les intéressés tous les jours de 9 h. à midi, les jours fériés exceptés.

Les offres devront être adressées sous pli cacheté à Monsieur l'Administrateur de la Municipalité avant le 31 Décembre 1907.

Elles pourront également être déposées en séance de la Délégation le même jour à 5 h. p.m.

L'enveloppe devra porter en outre la mention : "Soumission pour l'équarrissage des Animaux."

Le cautionnement ou le reçu d'une banque, d'après les conditions du cahier des charges, devra être remis séparément au Service de la Comptabilité Générale avant l'ouverture des offres et au plus tard le 31 Décembre 1907 à midi.

Toute offre qui ne remplit pas les conditions ci-dessus sera écartée.

L'Administrateur
(Signé) W. P. CHATAWAY.

Alexandrie, le 13 Avril 1907. 30032-3-2

AVIS RECTIFICATIF

Une erreur s'étant glissée dans la publication des avis relatifs à la mise au concours des postes d'Ingénieurs, il y a lieu de prendre note que les augmentations qui, pourraient être accordées à ces Ingénieurs ne sont pas bi-annuelles comme l'indique l'avis mais qu'elles peuvent être attribuées par période de deux années révolues conformément au règlement intérieur de la Municipalité.

Alexandrie, le 12 Avril 1907.

L'Administrateur,
30030-3-2 (Signé) W. P. CHATAWAY.

Cheap Prepaid Advertisements.

Under this heading advertisements are in sorted at the following rates :—

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29811-26-26

A FRENCH FAMILY offers at moderate price board and lodging, or only rooms for lodging. Very good and airy house. For references write to Mr. Boisseau, Maison Asaf, Bab Sidra, Alexandria. 30,049-2-1

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AUCTION SALE of Furniture and Household effects, belonging to P. H. Trewithick Esq. will take place on Friday 19th inst. commencing at 9.30 a.m. at Harem Buildings, Gezireh, next Telegraph office. For particulars apply to Messrs Congdon & Co. 30029-5-4

APARTMENTS WANTED by married couple, Bedroom and Sitting Room, or large Bedroom. Address No. 30,039 "Egyptian Gazette." 30,039-3-3

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DAHABIEH FOR SALE. Length 90 ft. Saloon, five berths. Price £400. No. 30037 "Egyptian Gazette." 30037-6-4

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FURNISHED HOUSE to let (Alexandria) from 1st June to 30th September, containing 8 rooms, large entrance, kitchen, bathroom, etc. Also Electric Light and Telephone, well situated (1st floor) Boulevard Ramleh on the sea and close to tramway station. Apply No. 30033, Gazette office. 30033-6-3

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M. C. L. INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL FOR THE BLIND, Ciccolani's Garden. Stock of Chairs and other articles in basket work. Deck Lounges, etc. Ladies Travelling baskets, any size, made to order at less than charged for imported articles and of more durable quality. Order at the School, or Mellor's, St. Mark's Buildings. 29982-21-2

SMALL FURNISHED HOUSE at Sporting Club to let for summer months, 6 rooms. Bathing shed on beach. £9 per month. No. 30,046 "Egyptian Gazette." 30,046-6-2

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TO LET immediately for 6 months or longer large furnished flat containing 4 reception, 4 bed rooms, bath room, hot and cold water. Apply Morice, Maison Bartau Pacha, Rue Menasse, Moharrem Bey. 30,034-6-3

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WANTED.—Englishwoman as Nursery Governess, to live in house. Must be well educated, able play piano, and give English lessons. Apply, No. 30,037, "Egyptian Gazette," Alexandria. 30037-6-3

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